MAY
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies Steam Boats and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed and Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,618—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1889.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

CUTLER, PALMER'S WHISKIES.
OLD, MATURE AND EXCELLENT.
Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.
Prices from
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve..
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ... ...
"Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ...
"Glentromie" ... ...
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ... ...
} Rs. 21 to Rs. 29-12 per doz. bottles
Examine cork, label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	Friday. 1889.
BL PENINSULAR.	5500	1000	J. Orman	17th May. Tuesday.
† ASSAM	2038	500	G. W. F. Browne..	21st ,,
BL CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	28th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigell.....	4th June.
BL PESHAWUR.	3929	600	L. H. Moule	11th ,,
† ASSAM	2038	500	G. W. F. Browne..	18th ,,
BL SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester..	25th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell ..	2nd July
BL ORIENTAL ..	5500	1000	E Stewart.....	9th ,,
† ASSAM	2038	500	G. W. F. Browne..	16th ,,
BL COROMANDEL	4499	800	I. Reeves	23rd ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell ...	30th ,,

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.
Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.
A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1889.
COROMANDEL..	4499	800	I. Reeves	23rd May
MALWA	2970	500	W. L. Brown	6th June.
PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	20th ,,
THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton....	4th July.
GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton ..	18th ,,

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan direct every fortnight.
For further particulars, apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 30th April 1889.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.
FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
MANILLA	5,000	800	1st June '89.	1st July 1889.
R. RUBATTINO ...	5,000	800	20th June '89.	20th July ,,
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th July '89.	10th Aug. ,,
D. BALDUINO....	5,000	800	1st Aug. '89.	1st Sept. ,,

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail
BORMIDA.....	On the 8th June 1889.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, May 10, 1889.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
b AMPHITRITE..	L. Lemessich ..	4,600	650	25th May
POSEIDON	S. Mersa.....	4,600	650	5th June.

b This steamer will not call at Brindisi.
A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130
RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—	1st Class.	2nd Class.	
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI...	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.	

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 22nd and BRINDISI on the 24th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAMER TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ELEKTRA.....	A. Lussich	4,200	600	11th July.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
BERENICE.....	A. Trobitz	3,500	550	11th June.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 11th May 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 10th June, 1889, at 3 p. m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward bound, and the steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months, delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.
A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder, at 1 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board.
GUSTAVE RAT, Acting Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessels.	Tons.	Commander.	on or about
CLAN BUCHANAN ...	3,000	W. Millar.....	18th May.

THE Saloons and State Rooms are all on the Upper Deck, and are fitted with every requisite for Comfort. Separate Music and Smoking Rooms.
Surgeon and Stewardess carried. For particulars as to rates of passage, &c., apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay.

ABERDEEN LINE.
BOMBAY TO LONDON DIRECT.
S. S. "DAMASCUS."

THE well-known steamship "DAMASCUS," 3,700 tons, Commander A. H. Douglas, will leave Bombay for London on or about the 18th of May.
The Steamer has splendid accommodation for Passengers, and is fitted with electric light throughout. Surgeon and Stewardess carried.
Passages are now available, and for particulars as to plans, passage-money, &c., please apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, 11th May 1889.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST PORTS.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,554 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 22nd May, at noon, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, Kurrachee, Gwadur Muscat Jask Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m., on 19th May, after arrival of Outward English Mail, transferring Persian Gulf Mails and Passengers on arrival at Kurrachee to the Gulf steamer.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ASIA," 1,766 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 17th May, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on or about MONDAY, 10th June, at 3 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 17th May.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 17th May.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 16th May 1889. Agents.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
Bancoora	3,000..	.....On or about 30th May 1889

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 11th April, 1889.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY OF CARTHAGE," 2,650 Tons, Captain FRAME, will SAIL from Bombay for LIVERPOOL on or about the 31st May. This steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, two berth Cabins (on deck) Baths, Punkahs, and every comfort for first-class passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.
SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.,
Agents.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

H. H. THE SULTAN of Zanzibar's s.s. "MALACCA," will sail as above on MONDAY, the 20th instant.
For Freight and Passage apply to
VISRAM EBRAHIM & Co.,
Agents, Mandvie.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"MANDARIN"
AMBER SATIN MOIRE NOTE-PAPER.
THE LATEST NOVELTY IN HIGH CLASS NOTE-PAPER.
Boxed Five Quires, Octavo size .....Rs. 2-4.
Boxed Five Quires, Albert size .....Rs. 2-0.
Envelopes to match, Court Shaped, boxed in One Hundred, Rs. 2 and...Re. 1-12.
TREACHER & CO., Limited,
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

G'S LINIMENT.
AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY for the speedy cure of MANGE and other SKIN DISEASES in Horses, Dogs, and Cattle.
Price Re. 1-8 per bottle.
PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY,

TOILET SOAPS.
EECKELAER'S CELEBRATED TOILET SOAPS.
Bouquet de Violettes, Rose Printaniere, a l'Opoponax, a l'Heleotrope.
Re. 1, Re. 1-4, and Re. 1-8 per box of 3 tablets.
PEAR'S TRANSPARENT SOAP,
Tablets, Balls, and Sticks.
10 As. and Re. 1-8.
TOILET SOAPS
In boxes containing three tablets.

Almond.	Elder Flower.
Brown Windsor.	Honey.
Curd.	Glycerine.
Sunflower.	Carbolic.

Per box 12 As.
FOR SALE BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
(CHEMISTS),
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

IODISED SARSAPARILLA.
THE extraordinary efficacy of this combination as a BLOOD PURIFIER and RESTORER cannot be too highly estimated. In the treatment of all kinds of diseases arising from impurities in the blood it is invaluable.
Price per bottle Re. 1-8.
ELIXIR CASCARA SAGRADA
has had a long and favourable reputation as a Laxative and Tonic.
It gives relief in cases of habitual Constipation.
Re. 1-8 per bottle.
ELIXIR OF PEPSINE, BISMUTH, AND NUX VOMICA.
This preparation is a combination of three useful remedies in a most palatable form, and will be found very efficacious in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia.
Per bottle Rs. 2.
PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

LIFE ASSURANCE.
The Rates, Terms, and Conditions of the
QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY
Will be found satisfactory by Persons wishing to combine the security of a first-rate British Life Office with the advantage of moderate rates.

SECURITY OFFERED	Funds in Hand	£1,407,678
	Subscribed Capital	1,620,315
		£3,027,993

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., General Agents.
J. H. SYMINGTON, Secretary

SUTTON'S NEW SEASON'S
FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS.

A tin of Flower Seeds, containing 16 packets, including the following varieties :—

Sweet Pea.	Portulaca.	Marigold.	Candytuft.
Mignonette.	Balsam.	Antirrhinum.	Aster.
Nasturtium.	Stocks.	Convolvulus.	Nemophila, &c.

Cash Price Rs. 4-12.

A tin of Flower Seeds, containing 20 packets, including the following varieties :—

Sweet Pea.	Balsam.	Convolvulus.	Dianthus.
Mignonette.	Zinnia.	Candytuft.	Larkspur.
Nasturtium	Poppy.	Aster.	Stock.
Nemophila.	Sweet William.	Phlox.	Marigold, &c.

Cash Price Rs. 7.

A tin of Vegetable Seeds, containing 24 packets, including the following varieties :—

Beans.	Cucumber.	Carrot, 2 sorts.	Parsley.
Beet.	Celery.	Lettuce.	Peas, 3 sorts.
Broccli.	Cauliflower.	Mustard.	Radish, 2 sorts.
Cabbage.	Cress.	Onion.	Turnip, &c.

Cash Price Rs. 4-12.

A tin of Vegetable Seeds, containing 40 packets, including the following varieties :—

Beans.	Cress.	Kohl Rabi.	Peas.
Beet.	Carrot.	Leek, Onion.	Radish.
Borecole.	Cauliflower.	Lettuce.	Spinach.
Brocoli.	Celery.	Mustard.	Turnip.
Cabbage.	Cucumber.	Parsley.	V. Marrow, &c.

Cash Price Rs. 9.

The Seeds are specially packed, from knowledge gained in previous Seasons, by a process purposed to preserve unimpaired the power of germination and prevent disappointment.
We have MESSRS. SUTTON'S assurance that samples of the whole of these Seeds have been tested prior to Shipment with, in each instance, the most satisfactory results, the experiments indicating that nothing better could be desired.

Special Agents for MESSRS. SUTTON'S Home-grown Seeds for the Bombay Presidency.—

Ladies' Set, consisting of Spade, Rake, Hoe, Trowel, and Fork.	Rs. 4	0 to	5 8
Gentlemen's Set, consisting of Spade, Rake, and Hoe			6 0
Shears, various sizes	Rs. 3	8 to	7 8
Bill Hooks, cast steel, 7 in., Re. 1-8; 8 in.	,,		2 0
Pruning or Gardening Scissors	,,	2 0 to	5 0
Vine or Grape Scissors	,,	1 8 to	3 0
Budding Knives with Ivory handles.....	,,	2 0 to	3 8
Pruning Knives with curved blades and buckhorn handles.....	,,	2 4 to	2 12
Flower Gatherers	,,	2 0 to	4 8
Holborn Garden Pump, throws a continuous stream 40 feet ...	,,		6 8

LAWN MOWERS—A LARGE ASSORTMENT.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA AND POONA.

PHILLIPS' "DEJEUNER" CLARET
A VERY CHOICE BEVERAGE CLARET.
In quart bottles only, Rs. 12 per dozen.
POONA, Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD., { BOMBAY, Oriental Bank Buildings, & Byculla Bridge.

INVALID'S PORT.
OF ALL RETAILERS. OF ALL RETAILERS.

CERTIFICATE.
LONDON, 13th February, 1888.
I hereby certify that I have carefully examined two bottles of "CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S INVALID'S PORT," and am of opinion that the Wine is free from adulteration and is a good sound wholesome Port.
(Sd.) CHARLES E. CASSAL, F.I.C., F.C.S.,
Member of the Society of Public Analysts and of the Council of the Sanitary Institute.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.
FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,
A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY,
Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.
One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.
Per dozen, Rs. 24; Single bottle, Rs. 2, Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.
SPECIAL TERMS TO HOTELS, CLUBS, AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS.
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

TRUNKS, BAGS, AND PORTMANTEAUS,
FROM THE BEST LONDON MANUFACTURERS.

THORPE AND CO.

Best Japanned Overland Trunks, iron-bound, copper-rivetted; a very durable article.

Inches	30	33	36
Rupees	33	36	39

Best Dull Canvas, fitted with Tray; a superior article.

Inches	30	33	36
Rupees	35	39	41

The "Service" or Trooper, extra wide and low to go under seat or berth, best quality.

Inches	30	33	36
Rupees	40	45	50

Ladies' Trunks best Dull Canvas, bound Leather with folding division, for Millinery, moveable Tray for Linen, dress compartment, Pocket for papers, patent brass lever lock.

Inches	33	36
Rupees	55	60

The Gladstone Bag, best black Ox-Hide with straps all round, the registered spring, double action locks, made specially for Travellers crossing the Continent, a most useful Bag, being light, capacious, and very strong.

Inches	18	20	22	24	26
Rupees	33	36	39	44	50

The same Bag, made of Best Stained Brown Ox-Hide, Lined Leather.

Inches	18	20	22	24	26
Rupees	33	36	39	44	50

Best Black Enamelled Brief Bags.

Inches	12	13	14	15
Rupees	12-8	13-8	14-8	15-8

Courier or Money Bags, Tan Canvas. Rs. 8-8 to Rs. 11-8.
Hand Bags, wide mouth, Brown or Best Black Cow Hide.

Inches	12	13	14
Rupees	15-8	16-8	17-8

Soiled Linen Bags, White Canvas.

Small.	Large.
Rs. 5-8	Rs. 6-8

Tan Canvas Soiled Linen Bags.

Small.	Large.
Rs. 7-8	Rs. 8-8

Portable Travelling Baths, best blocked tin, fitted with wicker Basket, Lock, and Strap passing round.

Inches	24	27	30	33	36
Rupees	25	30	33	40	45

Air-tight Boxes, best blocked tin, invaluable to Ladies travelling during the rains, strongly finished, with brass bolts and lever locks.

Inches	27	28	32	34	36
Rupees	20	33	40	45	50

Air-tight Cases for Officers' Uniform or Dress Suits, best blocked tin.

Inches	24	26	28	30
Rupees	20	24	26	28

Air-tight Uniform Cases, will hold Sword, Helmet, Forage Cap, Uniform, &c., Rs. 40.
Best blocked Tin Helmet Cases, Rs. 7-8.
Cabin Dressing Case or Hold-all, for Sponge, Comb and Brushes, Pomade, Shaving Brush, Nail Brush, Soap, &c., Strong, of Waterproof Sheeting, and Leather Straps—Rs. 5-8 and Rs. 8-8.
Hold-alls, Tan Canvas, large inside pocket, strong leather straps, from Rs. 9-8.
Hold-alls, Tan Waterproof Canvas, Leather-bound, large inside pocket, double flaps, strong leather straps, from Rs. 20.
"The Wolseley Pack," Waterproofed Grey Tweed and Tan Canvas, opens out flat can be carried as a Bag, or Knapsack, from Rs. 25.

THORPE AND CO.,
TAILORS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

BRINSMEAD'S PIANOS.

MARCKS & CO, LD., receive regular shipments of the above famed pianos for which they have been appointed **SOLE AGENTS** for the last five years.

THE INTRODUCTION OF THE
New **TUNING APPARATUS** has rendered these instruments the most PERFECT PIANOFORTES for the severest climate.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Illustrated catalogues showing cash rate and hire purchase rate free on application at

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD
PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

DRESS FABRICS.
LARGE SELECTION.

PATTERNS OF ALL KINDS POST FREE.

THE CHOICEST PRODUCTION OF THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN MANUFACTURE.

EXQUISITE NOVELTIES in NEW washing materials. In Stripes, Checks, Broches, and Borders.
ZEPHYRS Newest designs.
PRINTED French Satteens.
NEW Bordered Zephyrs.
NOVELTIES in Woollen Fabrics.
All Wool Foule Serges.
All Wool Twill Beiges.
STRIPE and Fancy Tweeds.
BORDERED Materials.
BORDERED Robes.
NEW Tennis and Boating Materials.

RICH Faille Francaise. Black and all the New Colours, GUARANTEED WEAR, will not cut or wear greasy.
SATIN MERVEILLEUX, Beautifully Soft and Bright Choice Shades.
RICH MOIRES in all the Leading Tones for Day and Evening Wear.
GROS GRAIN, Delicate Shades.
KALISTO and PONJEE Silks. Sixty different ART SHADES to select from.
PRINTED FOULARDS and Ponjees, Choice designs.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN, LD.,
DRESS-MAKERS MILLINERS, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S OUTFITTERS.
HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY. SHOW ROOMS. EAST STREET, POONA.

WORTH KNOWING.
ONE of the finest Wines shipped to India is BINET FILS DRY ELITE CHAMPAGNE of 1884 Vintage. Price Rs. 66 cash. All Mess Presidents and Good Judges should try a Sample and compare the Wine with that of other First Class Shippers.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,
CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

BADHAM, PILE & Co. LD.
LADIES' SHIRTS.

WE have introduced these extremely Comfortable and Cool GARMENTS for the HOT WEATHER, THEY ARE WELL FITTING, NEAT-BECOMING, AND ECONOMICAL; MADE TO ORDER IN A FEW DAYS, ANY SHAPE, COLLARS ATTACHED.

Real French Cambric, a variety of Novel Designs	per half dozen Rs.	18
Best Scotch Oxford Matte, an immense Selection	,, ,,	21
Tropical Flannel, Unshrinkable and very Thin	,, ,,	24
Silk and Wool, the Coolest and most Luxurious material, manufactured in White and neat Stripes and Checks.....	,, ,,	36

Measurement Forms and Patterns, post free.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,
SHIRTMAKERS AND HOSIERS,
BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

KEMP'S LIEBIG'S EXTRACT.
SUPERIOR to any imported Extract, guaranteed fresh, pure, and prepared under our personal superintendence. No other kind should be given to Invalids.
Two ounce Jars.....Re. 1-4
KEMP AND CO., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

KEMP'S EXTRACT OF MUTTON.
PREPARED according to Liebig's process. Freshness and absolute purity GUARANTEED
Four ounce Jars.....Rs. 3.
KEMP AND Co., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

EXTRACT OF CHICKEN.
A PURE EXTRACT of the Flesh and Bones carefully freed from Fat. Dissolved in hot water, it forms a most nutritious food for invalids or infants. It is frequently, in emergencies like Seasickness, the only food patients can bear.
Keeps in perfectly good condition many weeks after being open.
Per jar .....Re. 1-12.
KEMP AND Co., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE
(REGISTERED)
THE NE PLUS ULTRA
OF
HAIR-DRESSING FOR GENTLEMEN.
Vitalizes the scalp, invigorates the hair, counteracts lassitude, and throws a charm into the operations of the toilet; refreshing the Brain, and counteracting the depressing influences of Hot Weather.
Per bottle, Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.
Sold by all dealers in the Bombay Presidency.
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
KEMP AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY.

KEMP'S
PREPARATION OF
BAEL AND ARROWROOT.
Strongly recommended in Dysentery and Derangements of the Bowels generally. Exercises a soothing and tonic influence over the Alimentary System.
Per Bottle, Rs. 2-8.
KEMP AND COMPANY, Ld.,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

KEMP AND COMPANY'S
PAINLESS
CORN AND WART REMOVER.
GIVES instant relief the moment it is applied, and if used night and morning for a few days the Corn or Wart will peel completely off, without inconvenience or pain.
"In its effects it is a real marvel."
M. S. Jamsetjee.
Per Bottle, 10 As. and Re. 1.
PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & COMPANY, Limited,
BOMBAY.

FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR.
ALL those who appreciate LILY-WHITE TEETH, PURITY OF THE MOUTH, and a BREATH OF FLOWERS, regard this as THE GEM of all Toilet Requisites.
FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR is a fragrant mixture of distilled Essences and Gums; and forms with water a delicious Mouth Lotion, which is at the same time a perfect antiseptic and disinfectant. A few drops on the wet tooth brush forms a most perfect dentifrice, securing health in the Teeth and Gums, and that exquisite comfort which attends purity of the mouth.
Per bottle, Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2-4.
PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP AND CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

HARRY STANLEY'S OPERA COMPANY.

TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY,
FOR THE LAST TIME,
LA PERICHOLE.
SATURDAY,
GRAND DUCHESS.
GENERAL BOONE ..... Mr. F Fletcher.
FRITZ ..... Mr. Chas. Harding.
GRAND DUCHESS, MISS GRACIE PLAISTED,
ORCHESTRA UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
MR. G. T. TRIMNELL.

PRICES AS USUAL.
Box Office at SOUNDY'S Music Warehouse.
Doors Open at 8-30 p.m. Overture at 9 p.m.

S. S. "AMARAPOORA" arrived from London via Kurrachee, 16th May 1889.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective goods from the Prince's Dock.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Capt. CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the goods are removed from the landing sheds. After removal from the landing sheds the steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever.

No claims will be paid after sailing of the steamer.

JOHN M. HEYN & Co.,
Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 16th May 1889.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED from 22nd May to 5th June, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
W. TUCKER,
General Manager.

Bombay, 16th May 1889.

SALE OF MARINE STORES.

ON MONDAY, the 20th instant, and following days, a sale by PUBLIC AUCTION of Marine Stores, including old stores, metals, boilers, boats, cordage, canvas, blocks, sheaves, &c., will be held at H. M.'s I. M. Dockyard.

J. HEXT, Captain, R.N.,
Director of the Indian Marine.

BASEL MISSION (BALMATHA) DAMASK TABLE LINEN are used by the Principal Clubs and Mess-houses in India. Can be had from the DEPOT, No. 27, Hummum Street.

ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE.

COMPARATIVE Statement of New Business received during the years 1887 and 1888:—

YEARS.	NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF PROPOSALS RECEIVED.	
	Number.	Amount.
1887	2138	59,53,550
1888	2298	70,63,950

For Prospectuses, Forms of Proposal, and any Information apply to the MANAGER and ACTUARY, Albert Building, Bombay.

NOW READY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12.
Single Copy ..... Annas 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance.... Rs. 10
Single Copy ..... Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

NOTICE is hereby given that RAMCHANDRA BHASKER has contracted to sell the undermentioned lands, hereditaments, and premises. Any person or persons having any claim thereto by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, lease, gift or otherwise, are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, No. 15, Esplanade Road, within the Fort, as well as to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and the Collector of Land Revenue, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise, after the expiration of the said period, the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims, which shall thereupon be considered as waived and void. Parcels: All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax, situate, lying, and being at Coombhartookda Lane, outside the Fort, of Bombay, on the west side of the Public Road leading from Girgaum to Bhooleshwar, in the sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 222 square yards or thereabouts, be the same more or less, together with a dwelling house standing thereon, assessed under No. 12131, and bounded on or towards the east by the property of the late Moorarbhai Vijbhookhandas, on or towards the west by the said Coombhartookda Lane, on or towards the north by the property of Bhagwandas Beharilal, and on or towards the south by the property of Jeewanlaljee Maharaj Mandir, and which said land and premises are registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 451, New No. 2363, Old Survey No. 301, and New Survey No. 148, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Ramchandra Bhasker.—Dated this 14th day of May 1889.

TYABJEE & DAYABHAI,
Purchaser's Solicitors.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TOBACCOS!!
MANUFACTURED AND IMPORTED BY
J. NEUBERG,
BOMBAY.

			Rs.	as.
"1888" Mixture	...per	1 lb. tin	3	12
Do. do.	... ,,	½ ,,	2	0
Golden Block Mixture	... ,,	1 ,,	3	4
Do. do.	... ,,	½ ,,	1	12
"Rifle" do.	... ,,	1 ,,	2	0
Golden Bird's-Eye	... ,,	¼ ,,	0	14
Golden Fleece	... ,,	½ ,,	1	12
Virginia Honeydew	... ,,	½ ,,	1	12
Latakia, Finest Syrian	... ,,	½ ,,	1	12
Old Judge	... ,,	¼ ,,	1	4
Pioneer	... ,,	½ ,,	1	8
Old Rip	... ,,	½ ,,	1	8
Old Gold	... ,,	½ ,,	1	12
Three Castles	... ,,	¼ ,,	1	0
Richmond Mixture	... ,,	¼ ,,	0	12

AMERICAN PLUG TOBACCOS.

Golden Block	... ...	per lb.	Rs.	3 0
Bright Honeydew	...	,,	,,	2 8
Cavendish (Tennant's)	...	,,	,,	1 4

WARRANTED fresh, pure, and sound.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Rs. 48 for one year, 25 for 6 months, 13 for 3 months, Rs. 6 per month, in advance postage extra.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

CEYLON TEA.—As used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club, and the Club of Western India, Poona. Sample tins of 4 lbs. each, obtainable at the offices of PHIPSON & Co.

KANGRA VALLEY CONGOU TEA.—From COLONEL HAWES' Tea Estate, enjoying the highest reputation for PURITY and DELICACY of AROMA at Annas 14 per lb.—MORTON, MAJU & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

SINGING LESSONS by a Lady. For Terms and Particulars, apply to "V. N. A.," SOUNDY & Co.

EVERY ONE wishing for a Good and Cheap Birthday or Wedding Present should not fail to see our varied stock. Everything useful and fancy at SHROFF BROTHERS.

WANTED AT ONCE a Good Second-hand PONY, SADDLE, and BRIDLE. Apply, stating price, to "J. F.," care of this paper.

WANTED AT ONCE a Man who thoroughly understands the Business of a DUBASH. Apply personally with testimonials to "K.," care of this paper.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND LIFE ASSURANCE INSTITUTION, offers special advantages to clergymen and members of the Scholastic profession. Apply to the Agents, Messrs. C. H. B. FORBES, & Co., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE is one of the four British Life Offices which according to the latest returns, have issued OVER ONE MILLION NEW POLICIES during the Past year. Reduced Rates for India.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

MONSOON SEASON.—A few cool, airy, and comfortable sets of FAMILY and SINGLE APARTMENTS are now available at the Taylor's Family Hotel. Specially low terms for the season can be arranged by communicating with the proprietor.

TO LET.—The Cool and Comfortable Upper-storied BUNGALOW at Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, since and now in the occupation of Mr. C. F. Nicholson, Solicitor. Possession on 1st May 1889. For particulars, apply to MOHOMEDALLY ADAMJEE PEERBHOY, No. 10, Old Imambara.

TO LET.—A Well Situated and Well Furnished BUNGALOW, on Malabar Hill. For particulars, apply to "X. Y. Z.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

WALER GELDING, 13-3, strong, sound to be sold cheap.—W. B., care of this office.

PEARSE'S MACHINE-MADE BREAD as supplied to Government House. Please send orders to 7, CHURCH GATE STREET.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY, and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1889. Cloth bound. Rs. 5, postage 4 annas.

STRONG WALER SHIGRAM PONY for sale at Messrs. BENNETT & Co.'s AUCTION SALE on SATURDAY next.

STONE ENGRAVING.—We have secured the services of an Excellent Stone Engraver and are now taking orders for Signet-rings with Crest, Monogram, and other devices cut on in best style.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, &c., Bombay and Poona.

LANSON'S CUVEE DE RESERVE CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's patent). Prints on 8 slab 8½ inches by 6 inches. Very useful for printing circulars, etc. Price, Rs. 15. To be had at the *Gazette* Office.

TOYS, DOLLS in Great Varieties.—Mechanical Toys, Musical Toys, Inkstands, Decanters, Speaking Animals, Tin Toys, Magic Lanterns, &c., &c.—MORENAS & Co., Ice Confectioners.

GRIFFIN'S SPARKLING ALE, as supplied to the B. I. S. N. Co. and other Companies. In splendid condition, just landed. Rs. 3-8 per doz.—Agents, PHIPSON and Co.

FOR SALE.—A Consignment of GOOD MACHINE BLACK PRINTING INK, in 50 lb. tins, English Manufacture. For price, &c., apply to "X.," at this office.

JUST opened a Fine Selection of Fancy Serge Coating, Fancy Angolas, Black and Brown Felt Hats, Tweed Hats and Caps, &c., prices most moderate.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., Tailors and General Outfitters, 16, Meadows Street, Bombay.

AIR-TIGHT UNIFORM CASES, with partition for Sword and Helmet, Infantry 40 in long; Cavalry 43 in.; also Air-tight Japanned Boxes, Ladies Dress Boxes, &c., &c. BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited.

FOR SALE.—A Second-hand DOUBLE ROYAL MACHINE, of Connisbee's Improved Mains Patent, by Harrild and Sons, London, in good working order, prints a forme of matter 40 by 27, size of table, inside bearers 46 by 37 inches.—Apply to "Z," care of this paper.

PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonably priced. STUDIO, Esplanade Road opposite Bombay Club.

JUST OPENED.—COLORED OTTOMAN SILKS, beautifully Soft Texture, in the NEWEST and most FASHIONABLE Shades, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S, Milliner and Dressmaker, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A rare opportunity. Three well-bred, young, handsome, dappled Grey, Hungarian Horses, just imported. Two of them make a handsome pair. For particulars apply to STEPHENS AND SONS, Veterinary Surgeon, Girgaum.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO-PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvement and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to "IMPORTER," care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

GRAND ORCHESTRIONS FOR SALE.

TWO Grand Instruments Equal to a Brass Band, playing numerous favorite English and Native Tunes. For sale below cost price.

F. FISCHER & Co.

WITH A VIEW TO CLEAR STOCK
50 per cent. Reduction in the prices of our
ELECTRIC LIGHT MATERIAL.

Dynamos for 20 arc lights	.....	Rs. 800
Do. 200 incandescent lights	.....	,, 800
Do. 20 ,,	.....	,, 200
Lamps for arc lights	.....	,, 60

Incandescent lamps, from 1 to 20 Candle-power, from Re. 1 to Rs. 4 each.
Insulated wire and cable, from 1 anna per yard.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT Co., LD.
F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

NEW INVENTION IN ELECTRICITY.
GASSNER'S IMPROVED DRY CELLS.

NO CHEMICALS, no liquids, no drying, corrosion or creeping! No glass nor porous cell! No smell! Always ready for use even if cut in two. Cells supplied to the General Post Office, London, in 1836 still in use.
Apply for circular.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Sole Agents for India.

PAPER MAKING MACHINERY.

BERTRAMS LIMITED.

ESTIMATES AND DRAWINGS SUPPLIED.

ALSO ENGINES AND BOILERS.
F. FISCHER & Co.

LONG JOHNS BEN NEVIS WHISKY.

NO BLEND, A PURE WHISKY WARRANTED.

5 YEARS IN BULK DIRECT FROM THE DISTILLERS.

THE MOST IMPORTANT AND FAVORITE BRAND IN SCOTLAND.

Rs. 24 per dozen—DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.
F. FISCHER & Co., Agents.

BREADALBANE
CREAM SCOTCH WHISKY.
£10,000 GIVEN AWAY TO BUYERS OF A BOTTLE,
Shipped by Alex. Ferguson and Co., Glasgow.
Particulars from all Wine Merchants, Storekeepers, and Spirit Dealers.
Wholesale Agents: F. FISCHER & Co., Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, &c.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 17th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at No. 26, Apollo Road, Fort, by order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C., and Assignee for the estate and effects of Sobhagchund Dowlatchund, an adjudged insolvent:—Consisting of office and writing tables, chairs, benches, cupboard, copying press, writing materials, matka box, clock, maps, samples, pad-locks, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, May 17, 1889.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY, BELOW Messrs. WALLACE & Co., APOLLO STREET.

BONA FIDE AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 1-30 p.m. punctually, Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction to the highest bidder, in the central building of Altamont House, Cumballa Hill, the very valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood, blackwood, and satin inlaid substantial and richly carved household furniture, rich glassware, and crockery, the property of J. P. Cornforth, Esq., at present in England, amongst which will be found a richly carved solid blackwood four poster with pyramedical posts, mattresses and a sliding awning, gown and clothe presses, pier tables and chiffoniers of rare workmanship, chairs and dining tables of Robert's and Wimbridge's pattern, rich Brussels carpet, a hammock by Seydel, Defrie's patent safety hanging lamps, and the universally appreciated diamant table and hanging lamps, English folding chairs with tapestried backs, an English cheval glass, the Hamonia type writer, oleographs, oil and hand paintings, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Property is on view.
Catalogues are ready.

SHERIFF, SON & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, May 17, 1889.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 8, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 18th inst., at 4-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms by order of the mortgagee, and on account and risk of the mortgagors Helena Kate Elliot, wife of Frank Elliott and Frank Elliott, all the right and interest of the mortgagors in all that the sum of rupees ten thousand or such other sum or sums of money, in or to which the said Helena Kate Elliott will be entitled to after the death of Michael McCarthy, in a certain deed of trust, dated the 10th May, 1889.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 18th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c.

On account of indentor Mr. Currimbhoy Russoolbhoy.
R V and M 21 1-5—5 cases 51 reams gold paper.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 pair of handsome strong black Australian horses, 7 to 8 years old, 16 hands high very quiet and showy.
1 new strong Madras built brake by Simpson and Co.
1 strong brown waler gelding in very good order.
1 strong Pegu pony "Barnee," aged
1 handsome strong Bay waler mare, 6 years old, 15½ high, very quiet.
1 handsome strong phaeton, with horse and harness complete.
1 handsome strong rib dog-cart with strong grey Arab horse and harness.
1 handsome strong bay Arab horse, quiet to ride and drive.
1 second hand four-seated open carriage in very good order.
1 strong English-built mail phaeton by "Lewis Bernard," with a handsome strong chestnut Arab horse, 14-3, 5 years old, quiet to ride and drive.

AUCTION SALE OF WHITE DELHI WHEAT.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, by order and in the Godowns of the Bombay Co., Ld., in Clive Row, opposite the Prince's Dock, and on account and risk of Harshamul Madhavram, Esq.—

R K No. 195—516 bags white Delhi wheat.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF YARN.

On MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, by order of Mr. Laloobhoy Moolchand, and on account and risk of Mr. Punamchand Panalal—

100 bales each 400 lbs. mule twist No. 20s, of James Greaves Mill for China market.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

Under instructions from the Port Store-Keeper, State Railway, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2 p.m., sell by Public Auction at the Port Store-Keeper's office, Apollo Street, Fort, the whole of the office furniture, consisting of chairs, tables, cupboards, &c., also a large collection of old records, newspapers, &c., &c.

The above will be on view from Monday next.

On SUNDAY, the 2nd proximo, at 7 a.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mahim, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, consisting of palms, ferns, lycopodiums, selaginellas, dieffenbachias, marantas, ornamental foliaged and other choice begonias, dracaenas, crotons, capressas cypress, and many other well and choice plants, too numerous to mention, also a magnificent collection of anthuriums, &c., &c., the property of THOMAS BROMLEY, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, May 17, 1889.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF BUILDING STONES.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at Mazagon in compound of the Hamilton's Hotel.

A large quantity of building stones.
In lots to suit purchasers.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 18th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 40 Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome French-polished, blackwood and teakwood substantial household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome table ornaments, and flower vases, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, a strong bay pony, going in saddle and harness single sole tent with rowtee the property of a gentleman.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 20th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms.

10 bales grey shirtings.
5 ,, ,, dhoties.
5 cases prints.
9 ,, printed jaconets.
1 case dyed jaconets.
2 sets red and blue border dinner service.
1 case 500 gross penholders.
5 cases aerated sarsaparilla.

On account and at the risk of Noor Mahomed Ali Mahomed—A S 137-1—1 case 300 dozen penknives, ex. s s Electra.

AT 2-30 P.M.

1 Bay waler mare, 6 years, 15½ high, sound, free of vice, and a good saddle horse.
1 handsome Bay waler charger, about 7 years, and 15 hands high.
1 handsome light strong victoria.
1 strong serviceable office shigram.
1 new door shigram.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ORDNANCE STORES.

Under instructions from the Ordnance Officer, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Arsenal on TUESDAY, the 21st inst., at 2 pm.

A quantity of unserviceable stores, consisting of old iron, steel, leather pieces, &c, &c.

On TUESDAY, the 28th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 1, Armenian Lane, Fort, (top-floor) the valuable and handsome French-polished, blackwood and teakwood, household furniture, plated-ware, crockery and glassware, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, glass aquarium with gold fishes, &c., the property of H. P. MATHEWS, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter, and the property will be on view 4 days before sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES in 2nd Carpenter Street and Falkland Road, without the Fort.

On WEDNESDAY, the 5th June, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagees Khoja Munjee Moraj, Nensey Mooraj and Fazel Moraj, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagers Dhondeeba Suntojee and Kondiba Suntojee in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage dated the 29th day of December 1885, the undermentioned landed properties, viz:—

Firstly.—All that piece of Government ground, together with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay on the western side of 2nd Carpenter street in the registration sub-district of Mandvee, formerly and now in the occupation of the said Dhondiba Suntojee and Kondiba Suntojee and their tenants, assessed by the assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under old No. 27, and now new street No. 66, and ward No. 6639, containing by admeasurement 106 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of land revenue under No. 1911, and new survey No. 5273, and bounded on the east by the 2nd Carpenter Street, on the west by the property hereinafter secondly described, on the north by the property of Ludha Valjee and on the south by the property of Shunker Damoder.

Secondly.—All that piece of Government ground, together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, on the southern side of Falkland road leading to 2nd Carpenter Street in the registration sub-district of Fort, formerly and now in the occupation of several tenants of the said Dhondiba Suntojee and Kondiba Suntojee, assessed by the assessor and collector of Municipal rates, and taxes under old No. 23, and now new street No. 80 and ward No. 6775, containing by admeasurement 35 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of land revenue under No. 1911 new survey No. 2-5273, and bounded on the east partly by the property of Ludha Valjee, partly by the property hereinbefore firstly described, and partly by the property of Sunker Damoder, on the west by the property of Shaboodeen Ghuttay, on the north by the said Falkland road, and on the south by the property of Bhowani Malli.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, May 17, 1889

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGH MACKAY under the nom de plume, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound. Rs. 2-; Postage, 4 annas.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES
(STOCKS IN BOMBAY.)

MADEIRAS, 8 qualities, from the celebrated "Blandy" Stock. From Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 per doz. quarts.
PORTS 6 ,, ,, Hooper Brothers, Oporto.
From Rs. 18 to Rs. 28 per doz. qts., Pints Rs. 2 extra per case.
SHERRIES 6 ,, ,, Manuel Gaztelu e Yriarte, Cadiz.
From Rs. 18 to Rs. 27 per doz. quarts.

The above Wines are all CAREFULLY and SPECIALLY SELECTED for the Indian Market.

SAMPLE BOTTLES FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

Full particulars, prices, and terms from
R. RAMCHANDRA AND CO., Apollo House, Fort, Bombay,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

CARRIAGE OR PALKI CLOCKS.

SO called because having watch movements and being fitted into a handy portable form of case, they are especially adapted to the requirements of travellers by sea or land. They all go for eight days, or in other words require to be wound once a week. They go in any position and are unaffected by rough or violent movement. They are protected by strong leather outer cases fitted with hand straps for carrying them about.

The frames are of solid bronze, richly gilded or nickelled or enamelled, having thick plate glass panels all round with polished bevelled edges and fitted so accurately that neither dust nor damp can enter.

Those that strike are spoken of as clocks, and those without striking parts as timepieces.

This distinction applies throughout the clock descriptions.

N. B.—All priced above Rs. 125 strike on a gong.

	Rs.
3½ inches high, cylinder timepieces	35
4½ do. do.	45
Medium size, 4½ to 5 inches high, timepiece, nickel and gilt, cylinder ...	55
The same with alarum	65
Plain gilt lever timepiece, 4½ inches high, lever movement	70
The same with alarum	80
4½ inches high, clock, with superior horizontal movement	90
The same with lever movement	100
5½ inches high do.	115
The same with repeater action	125
The same, repeater and alarum	140
Do. do. do.	180
Do. nickel and gilt, extra finished	200
Lever escapement alarum with two bells, striking quarters	225
Highly finished fancy enamelled case, chiming quarters on two gongs with alarum	275
Largest size, 15 inches high, chiming quarters on four bells and striking the hours on gong	450

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500, and upwards.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
,, 6 ,, 4 ,, ,,
,, 12 ,, 5 ,, ,,

GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved cheques on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received.

HOLZAPFEL'S PATENT SOAPSTONE PAINT is the best preservative for Iron, Steel or Woodwork. It is suitable for Iron and Steel Vessels, Railway Bridges, Locomotives, Rolling Stock and Buildings, &c. It dries quickly and hardens like enamel, and is Noncorrosive and Impervious to Atmospheric influences. May be had ready mixed in any colour. Trial solicited.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"Practically an imperishable Article will preserve Woodwork from Rotting and Sandstone from Decay."—"Iron."

"Has large covering capacity and presents an enamel-like surface."—"Engineer and Iron Trades Advertiser."

"Gives protection to Steel and Iron Structures not possessed by ordinary paints."—"Shipping Gazette."

"It has extraordinary qualities in withstanding atmospheric influences."—"Universal Market."

"Soapstone Composition may be considered a distinct advance on the present method of painting."—"Iron and Steel Trades Journal."

W. CROWDER,
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NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

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EURASIAN AND A.-I. ASSOCIATION OF W. I. NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association will be held in the rooms of the Association, 53, Medows Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 10th of June 1889. The order of business to be transacted is as under:—

(1) To receive and adopt the report of the Council with the audited accounts for the year 1888.
(2) To elect Councillors in place of those who retire under the rules.

C. A. CUTTRISS,
General Secretary.

Bombay, May 15.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gaiety Theatre, Stanley's Opera Company, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—**The following vessels arrived on the 15th :—Booldana (s), from Calcutta. Yesterday :—Persepolis (Persian Gun-boat), from Bushear[; Dago (s), London ; and Krishna (s), Mangalore.**

VESSELS SAILED.—**The following vessels sailed yesterday : —Werneth Hall (s), for Port Said and Liverpool ; and Worsley Hall (s), Port Said and Antwerp.**

POLO.—**There will be a game to-day. Sides to be made up on the grounds.**

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Deepdale and the s.s. Werneth Hall left the dock on Wednesday and yesterday respectively.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Byculla entered and the s.s. Nizam left the dock on Wednesday. The s.s. Peninsular left it yesterday.

INSTITUTO LUSO INDIANO.—To-morrow at 7 p.m. there will be a conference on "Estudos sobre a Historia Commercial" in the hall of the same Institute at Cavel by Mr. Leopoldo C. da Gama.

THEFT BY A SERVANT.—Bhawoo Visram, a liquor shopkeeper at Gaiwady (Cavel), reported to the police that on the night of Tuesday last he was robbed of currency notes to the value of Rs. 50.

LUXMI NARAYEN TEMPLE FAIR.—A public Hindoo fair will be held in Parel Village, near Government House, on Sunday next in honour of the opening ceremony of the new temple of Luxmi Narayen, built by Shett Motee Currumsey, and will last for two days.

STREET ACCIDENT.—Balloo Kanoo, aged about 50 years, whilst under the influence of liquor and staggering along Jail Road on Wednesday last, was accidentally knocked down and run over by hack victoria No. 541, with the result that his right leg was fractured above the ankle-joint. He is at present under treatment at the J. J. Hospital.

SUICIDE.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital respecting the death of Dewjee Dugdoo, aged 20 years. Deceased was a mutton butcher and addicted to drink. At about 11 o'clock on Wednesday forenoon he was found suffering from the effects of opium. He was at once removed by his relatives to the hospital in an unconscious state and died there at 7 o'clock the same evening. The verdict was that the death of Dewjee Dugdoo was caused by opium voluntarily administered.

THEFT OF RICE AT CARNAC BUNDER.—Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. Cooper Habibkhan Rajakhan, a Mahomedan of bad character, was charged with stealing a quantity of rice from bags lying at the Port Trust Gate of the Carnac Bunder. The bags belonged to Vussonjee Nurpall and were removed in carts from Mondy to Carnac Bunder. The prisoner was seen by a coolie abstracting the rice from the bags by means of a bamboo probe. The prisoner admitted having been in jail six times before, and was sentenced for the present offence to rigorous imprisonment for eighteen months.

FEEDING COWS ON STABLE REFUSE.—Sutwa Poonja was charged before Mr. Cooper at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday with feeding milch cows on stable refuse. Mr. Leask, Assistant Health Officer of the Municipality, stated that two days ago, in Thomas Street at Colaba, while going round with the inspector of the division, he saw a number of cows and full-grown calves feeding in the middle of the street on stable refuse. The defendant's son was in charge of the animals, and he made the excuse that it was wet hay, not stable refuse. The inspector of the division proved that it was stable refuse, and the Magistrate convicted the defendant and fined him Rs. 20.

A JUVENILE THIEF.—A Goanese lad named João Gabriel, aged about 14 years, was yesterday charged by Inspector Cobb before Mr. P. Ryan with stealing four small empty medicine bottles and a small thermometer, valued at 8 annas, the property of Messrs. Phillips and Co., Byculla. A policeman doing duty near Messrs. Phillips and Co.'s establishment at Clare Road, Byculla, observed the accused at about 9 o'clock on Wednesday night, climb over the railings and enter the verandah of the store-room of Messrs. Phillips's premises, from whence, after stealing the bottles and the thermometer, he was making off. He was arrested, and being brought before the Magistrate was ordered to be sent to the Sassoon Reformatory.

HIGHWAY ASSAILANTS.—Three noted characters named Shaik Hyder Shaik Chand, Cassum Bowasab, and Deen Mahomed Peerkhan were yesterday brought up on remand and charged by Inspector Cobb before Mr. P. Ryan upon two separate charges of assault committed by the three accused against the persons of one Abdoola Khan and J. O'Brien, the latter a fitter in the B. I. S. N. Company's docks at Mazagon. Abdoola Khan was assaulted at 9 o'clock and O'Brien at 11 o'clock on the night of the 16th ultimo at Cammateepoora third street. The three accused set upon both the men on their refusing to comply with their request for money, and brutally assaulted them with sticks. Abdoola had to be conveyed to the J. J. Hospital for treatment and O'Brien to the European General Hospital. The three men were convicted. Shaik Hyder Shaik Chand, who was the leader of the gang, was sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment, and the other two to twelve months' similar imprisonment each.

THE STANLEY OPERA COMPANY.—A performance that was in every respect satisfactory was that of "The Mikado" on Wednesday evening, and it is a pity that instead of altering the bill each night for the remainder of the week, arrangements were not made for more than one rendering of the popular opera. It was capitally cast and well played by every member. Mr. Harding sang in his usual acceptable style, and so did Miss Plaisted as Yum-Yum, although it must be admitted beyond a certain skill in the manipulation of their fans, Japanese roles do not sit well upon them. Mr. Pyne was, as a whole, quiet as the Mikado, but he infused notwithstanding a considerable amount of humour into the part. The most of the merriment was kept up by Mr. Fletcher as the Lord High Everything, and Mr. Stephenson as Ka Ko, the Lord High Executioner. The make-up of the latter was fearfully wonderful, inasmuch that it was decidedly clever, but just a little too repulsive to be funny. Last night "The Private Secretary" formed the bill of fare and to-night "La Perichole," which, when first we saw it, we considered the best thing the company had yet done, is to be played.

THEFT OF A CHILD'S ORNAMENT.—Before Mr. Cooper at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Pandoo Balloo and Sunker Suntlat, two young Hindus, were charged with theft of a silver armlet mounted with gold leaf, of the value of about Rs. 36, the property of Urjoondas Goolabrai. The complainant's son, Moorlidhur, a child of about eight years, had been to play at the Mombadevi Temple on the afternoon of the 7th inst., when he met the two prisoners, the former of whom used occasionally to present him a piece or awa far sweetmeats with an ulterior object in view. For the consideration of a pice, the boy allowed the armlet to be removed by the first prisoner, who, with his companion, went to the shop of a silversmith at Camateepaora and sold to him the silver for five rupees, and through his agency sold the gold to another person for Rs. 31. The silver, although eight tolas in weight, was sold for five rupees, because it was of an inferior quality, while the gold was sold at the proper market value. Both the purchasers had melted down the gold and silver, and the bars were produced in court. The defence was that the boy of his own accord took out the armlet and handed it to the accused, and that it was therefore no theft. The first prisoner was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three months, while the second, an old offender, was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for a year.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

At the 63rd annual general meeting of the Standard Life Assurance Company, held at Edinburgh on Tuesday, the 23rd of April 1889, the following results for the year ended 15th November 1888 were reported :—3,379 new proposals for Life Assurance were received during the year for £1,874,703 ; 2,972 policies were issued, assuring £1,496,362 ; the total existing Assurances in force at 15th November 1888 amounted to £20,806,469, of which £1,414,122 was re-assured with other offices. The claims by death or matured endowments which arose during the year amounted, including bonus additions, to £589,182. The annual revenue amounted on 15th November 1888 to £929,939, the accumulated funds at same date amounted to £6,990,313, being an increase during the year of £182,357.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

Bombay Government Gazette, 16th May, 1889.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

THE services of Surgeon J. Crimmin, Indian Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of Government for temporary employment in the Civil Department.

The following appointment is made :—

Brigade-Surgeon H Cook, MD, Indian Medical Service, to be Deputy Surgeon-General with temporary rank, vice Deputy Surgeon-General Cates, appointed to act as Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, or till further orders.

The services of Lieutenant J G Westropp, 14th Bombay Infantry, are placed at the disposal of Government in the Political Department.

The undermentioned officer having completed eleven years' service, four of which have been in the Staff Corps, to be Captain from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenant Robert FitzRoy Maclean Johnstone,—11th May, 1889.

The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty :—

Major F W V Leckie, Staff Corps.

Lieutenant C E Baddeley, Royal Engineers.

The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified :—

Captain E F Marriott, Staff Corps, four months, medical certificate.

Major H R D Thomas, Staff Corps, four months, medical certificate.

Lieutenant C, A Kemball, Staff Corps, three months, medical certificate,

The undermentioned officer having completed eleven years' service, four of which have been in the Staff Corps, to be Captain from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Staff Corps.—Lieutenant George Warder Mitchell,—10th May 1889.

1st Battalion B B & C I Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps—The following appointment is made :—

To be Honorary Major.—Major R Gardiner, RE.

1st Battalion B B & C I Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps—The following promotion is made :—

To be Major.—Captain F G Lynde.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps ; the specified period to count from date of being struck off duty :—

Major O'M. Creagh, V C, Staff Corps, for four months. Pension service twenty-third year, commenced 13th February, 1889.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Rao Bahadur Nathu Nanabhai, Fourth Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, availed himself on the 10th ultimo, after office hours, of the privilege leave granted to him in this Department Notification No. 2966, dated the 30th idem.

Mr A B Steward, CS, and Captain W P Kennedy respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judicial Assistant to the Political Agent, Kathiawar, on the 11th ultimo, before office hours.

Captain W P Kennedy and Mr J D S FitzMaurice, CS, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judicial Assistant to the Political Agent, Kathiawar, on the 13th ultimo, after office hours.

Rao Bahadur Keshavrao Bhaskerji resumed charge of the office of First Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, on the 6th ultimo, before office hours.

Consequent on the resumption by Rao Bahadur Keshavrao Bhaskerji of the office of First Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, on the 6th ultimo, before office hours, the Second, Third and Fourth Deputy Assistant Political Agents, and Azam Wamanrao Balkrishna ceased, from that date, to act as First, Second, Third and Fourth Deputy Assistant Political Agent, respectively.

Captain G B O'Donnell, Assistant Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, passed the ordinary Lower Standard Departmental Examination on the 10th ultimo.

Captain G B O'Donnell, Assistant Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, is allowed an extension up to the 4th June 889 inclusive of the privilege leave granted to him in this Department Notification No. 1558, dated 27th February last.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

In supersession of Government Notification No. 580, dated 27th January 1887, Mr Narayan Bhikaji Joglekar, Special Magistrate, Poona, is under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1 82, appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in the Poona District, and is invested with additional power specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code.

Mr T S Hamilton, acting Judge and Sessions Judge of Surat, has been allowed privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 4th instant.

Mr J D S FitzMaurice is appointed, on being relieved by Mr F C O Beaman, to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Surat during the absence of Mr Hamilton, or until further orders.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to make the following appointments, pending further orders :—

Colonel G C Grant to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Hyderabad.

Mr E Hosking to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Karachi.

Mr A B Steward to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Thana.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to make the following promotion vice Rao Saheb Thakurdas Mathuradas, transferred to the Porebundar State:—

Khan Saheb Jehangir Edulji Modi to be Second Grade, Subordinate Judge.

Rao Saheb Nandkrishnalal R Majmundar to be Second Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to make the following transfers of Second Class Subordinate Judges :—

Rao Saheb Venkatrao Pandurang Deshpande from Haveli to Satana.

Rao Saheb Dinanath Atmaram Dalvi from Satana to Shrigonda and Parner.

Rao Saheb Shivram Sitaram Wagle from Shrigonda and Parner to Wai and Medha.

Rao Saheb Waman Mahadeo Bodas from Wai and Medha to Haveli.

Under the provisions of Section 28 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) Rao Saheb Venkatrao Pandurang Deshpande, Second Class Subordinate Judge, is, on his transfer to Satana, invested, within the local limits of his ordinary jurisdiction, with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 50.

Rao Saheb Naranshankar Manishankar, Mamlatdar of Bardoli in the district of Surat, is, under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Rao Saheb Vadilal Tarachand Parikh relinquished charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Dholka in the Ahmedabad District on the 25th ultimo, before office hours.

Azam Annaji Ramchandra Pethe, acting Head Karkun of taluka Bassein in the district of Thana, is, under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code.

Under Section 13 of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887, and with reference to Section 40 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869, His Excellency the Governor-in-Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. Behramji Rustamji Sanjana to be substantive pro tem Clerk of the Court of Small Causes at Surat, with effect from 11th March 1889, vice Mr Parbhushankar Jebhai, promoted.

Mr. Balaji Trimbak Yergati, acting Deputy Chitnis to the Collector of Satara, passed an examination in the Judicial papers of the Lower Standard Departmental Examination translated into Marathi, on the 12th April 1889.

Mr F H Warden, First Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India further extension of leave on medical certificate for five months.

Under Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1882, Mr H L Hervey, Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Belgaum, is invested with additional power specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code.

Under clause 3 of Section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, Rao Saheb Anant Raghunath Modak, Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Satara, is empowered to pass sentences of whipping.

Under Section 9 of Act X of 1882 (The Code of Criminal Procedure), the District Magistrate of Kolaba is hereby appointed to be a Joint Sessions Judge in the Thana Sessions Division, and is directed, under Section 193 of the said Act, to try all cases which may be committed to him for trial by the Magistrates in the Kolaba District during the months of June, July, August, September and October 1889.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr T Cooke, MA, MI, LLD, to act as Director of Public Instruction, during the absence of Mr K M Chatfield, or till further orders.

Mr S Cooke, MA, FIC, FGS, AMICE, to act as Principal, College of Science, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Mr T Cooke, or till further orders.

Mr E Giles, MA, to act in the First Grade, vice Mr T Cooke.

Mr P Peterson, MA, DSc, to act in the Second Grade, vice Mr Giles.

Mr A Barret, BA, to act in the Third Grade, vice Mr Peterson.

With reference to Government Notification No. 745, dated the 17th April, it is hereby notified that Mr K M Chatfield and Dr T Cooke respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Director of Public Instruction on the 18th instant, after office hours.

With reference to Government Notification No 887, dated 10th instant, it is hereby notified that Messrs T Cooke and S Cooke respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Principal of the College of Science, Poona, on the 23rd ultimo after office hours.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr R P Barrow, CS, is allowed special leave of absence on urgent private affairs for six months from 15th May 1889 under Section 61 of the Civil Leave Code, 6th Edition.

Mr. T. D. Mackenzie, CS, to act as Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, and Reporter-General of External Commerce, during the absence of Mr Trevor, or pending further orders.

Mr H O Quin, CS, to act as Collector and Magistrate of the district of Broach, District Registrar, Broach, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Broach District, pending further orders.

Babaji valad Nathaji, Revenue and Police Patil of mauze Shirta, taluka Valva, in the Satara Collectorate, having been found guilty of grave misconduct and dismissed from office, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.

Mr H R Cooke, CS, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

The undermentioned officers passed the Higher Standard Departmental Examination on the 13th April 1889 :—Mr Jehangir K N Kabraji, CS ; Mr C W M Hudson, CS : Mr H L Hervey, CS ; Mr C H A Hill, CS ; and Mr M B Tyabji, CS.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Surgeon T D C Barry to act as Chemical Analyser to Government during the absence of Brigade Surgeon I B Lyon, or pending further orders.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Surgeon J Crimmin to act as Health Officer of the Port of Bombay, vice Surgeon C Monks, pending further orders.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Mr A Shore to be an Inspector of Boilers and Prime Movers.

The appointment is probationary for the first year.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. Jivraj Ghelabhai Doshi, LM&S, and

Mr Kavasji Behramji Shroff, LM&S, to be Honorary Assistant Physicians ; and

Mr Luis G Godinho, LM&S and

Mr Kaikhusru Maneckji Dubash, LM & S, to be Honorary Assistant Surgeons, Jamsehedji Jijiibhai Hospital.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr H M Thompson, BA, MInst CE, Executive Engineer, First Grade, is allowed furlough for eighteen months.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

Appellate Side.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Mr Keshav Vasudeo Karandikar a Sanad authorizing him to practise as a Pleader in the Courts of the Satara District.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs Nathabhai Chhaganlall Gunderia and Ganesh Krishna Bavdekar Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Courts of the Ahmedabad and Poona Districts respectively.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

Northern Division.—Mr T D Mackenzie delivered over and Mr H O Quin received charge of the office of the Collector and District Magistrate, Broach, on the 8th instant in the afternoon.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

Surgeons Charles Monks and John Crimmin respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Health Officer of the Port of Bombay on 4th May 1889, before office hours.

Surgeon W H Quicke and Dr M B Colah, MD, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Superintendent of Vaccination, Western Gujerat Circle, on 5th May 1889, after office hours.

The following promotions of Mamlatdars are made, vice Rao Bahadur Pranlal Harkisandass appointed substantive pro tem Sixth Grade Deputy Collector :—

Rao Saheb Madhavram Harnarayan to be substantive pro tem Second Grade Mamlatdar.

Rao Saheb Motilal Dwarkadas to be substantive pro tem Third Grade Mamlatdar.

Rao Saheb Naranbhai Lalubhai to be substantive pro tem Probationary Fourth Grade Mamlatdar.

Mr A D Younghusband, CS, delivered over and Mr C H Hill, CS, received charge of the office of Assistant Collector, Ahmedabad, on the 17th ultimo, in the afternoon.

The following promotions of Mamlatdars are made in consequence of the transfer of Khan Saheb Dinsha Jamsedji to Foreign Service :—

Rao Saheb Bhau Ramchandra to be substantive pro tem First Grade Mamlatdar.

Rao Saheb Navnidhrai Madhavram to be substantive pro tem Second Grade Mamlatdar.

Rao Saheb Govindji Gopalji to be substantive pro tem Third Grade Mamlatdar.

Rao Saheb Trikamlal Dinnanath to be substantive pro tem Probationary Fourth Grade Mamlatdar.

The following transfers and appointments of Mamlatdars are made, with effect from the date of the departure of Khan Saheb Dinsha Jamsedji :—

Rao Saheb Govindji Gopalji to be Mamlatdar of Dohad with 1st Class Magisterial allowance, continuing to do duty at Jambusar until relieved by Rao Saheb Jethalal Varajbhai.

Rao Saheb Kirpashankar Bhagwan to be Mamlatdar of Godhra, continuing to do duty at Dohad until relieved by Rao Saheb Govindji Gopalji.

Rao Saheb Trikamlal Dinnanath to be Mamlatdar of Amod, continuing to do duty at Chikhli until relieved by Rao Saheb Naranshankar Manishankar.

Azam Vithaldas Narotamdas, LCE, to act as substantive pro tem 4th Grade Mamlatdar of Godhra, vice Rao Saheb Trikamlal Dinnanath.

Central Division.—Rao Saheb Mahadev Govind Wagle, on being relieved by Rao Saheb Shankar Bhalchandra Bapat, to do duty as Mamlatdar of taluka Wai in the Satara District during the absence on two months' privilege leave from the 1st instant of Rao Saheb Lakshman Moreshwar Sathe, or until further orders.

Azam Shamrao Anant Latkar, Head Karkun of taluka Javli in the Satara District, to continue to act as Mamlatdar of the same taluka during the temporary employment of Rao Saheb Mahadev Govind Wagle at Wai, or until further orders.

Mr H Woodward delivered over and Captain J Davies received charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, Ahmednagar, on the 3rd instant, in the afternoon.

Lieutenant-Colonel A B Portman delivered over and Khan Saheb Abdul Feroz received charge of the office of the Superintendent of Police, G I P Railway, on the 30th ultimo, in the forenoon.

Mr W Doderet, First Assistant Collector, Nasik, delivered over, and Mr J W Weir, Assistant Collector, Nasik, received charge of the office of the First Class. Nasik, on the 1st instant, in the forenoon.

Messrs J B W Biddle and J E Down respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Supdt of Police, Khandesh, on the 22nd ultimo, in the forenoon.

Messrs A Lucas and M C Gibb respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the First Assist Collr and Magistrate, Poona, on the 3rd instant, in the afternoon.

Southern Division.—Azam Rangnath Mangesh, Chief Constable, third class, acted as sub pro tem, Fifth Grade Inspr in the Belgaum Dist from 21st July to 2nd Oct 1888, both days inclusive.

Messrs Narayan Krishna Thanedar and Rangnath Sadashiv Jayakar respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of District Deputy Collector, Dharwar, on the 25th ultimo, in the forenoon.

Messrs C A B Beatty and W F Sinclair respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba, on the 1st instant, in the forenoon.

Rao Saheb Shankar Shesho, Second Grade Inspector of Police, Dharwar, is transferred to the Kanara District.

Mr Mir Ahmed Alikhan is appointed Probationary Inspector, Sixth Grade, in the Dharwar District.

Azam Vishnu Pandurang Joshi, Mahalkari of Murgood in the Belgaum District, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Kumta in the Kanara District during the absence of the permanent incumbent Rao Saheb Krishnaji Datatarya on privilege leave for three months, commencing from the date that he may avail himself of it.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

H M's I G troopship Canning entered the Government docks yesterday.

THE British s s Gutenfels, 1,750 tons, Captain C Taree, will sail to-day for Calcutta with a general cargo.

THE Coasting s. s. Hindoo, Captain G J Baker, sails to-day for Jedda in ballast and 236 pilgrims on deck.

THE Asiatic S N Co's s s Maharaja, 1,046 tons, Captain J Leftwich, sails to-day for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and 1 deck passenger.

THE British s s Dago, 1,239 tons, Captain E E Corner, arrived in harbour yesterday afternoon from London with a general cargo and 27 tons of gunpowder.

THE Hall Line s s Worsley Hall, 2,172 tons, Captain J Verril, sailed yesterday for Port Said and Antwerp with a general cargo and Mr and Mrs Ballenden, as cabin passengers.

THE B I S N Co's s. s. Booldana, 2,134 tons, Captain J M Cooper, arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Calcutta with a general cargo and Mr L J Robertson, as cabin passenger, and 6 deck passengers.

THE Hall Line s. s. Werneth Hall, 2,620 tons, Captain T H S Millard, sailed yesterday for Liverpool with a general cargo and the following cabin passengers :—Major and Mrs Wreford, Lieut C Griffiths, Miss Stephenson, Revd J R Hill, Mrs Hill, Captain L Gordon Cumming, Captain E A Kemble, Colonel Consmaker, and Mr A Hildebrand.

ARRIVAL OF A PERSIAN GUN-BOAT.

THE Persian Government Gun-boat Persepolis, Commander Bathe, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Jask and Bushire. The Persepolis has been for some time plying in the Persian Gulf, and touched at different ports on her way to Bombay. The Persepolis is a small Gun-boat and has 6 guns, 4 of which are of Kropp's manufacture, and the other two are old Persian guns. The Persepolis will most likely dock in a few days.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—MAY 16.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Lycia	2127	Fletcher	A	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Roumania	2207	Hillcoat	B	W.&A.Graham&Co
„ Damascus	2327	Douglas	C	F. Muir & Co.
„ C. Buchanan	1921	Millar	D	F. Muir & Co.
„ C. Macdonald	1716	Rule	D	F. Muir & Co.
„ Gutenfels	1750	Taree	H	Glade & Co.
„ Strath Clyde	2151	White	K	W.&A.Graham&Co
„ Chilka	1430	Gunning	K	B. I. S. N. Co.
„ Werneth Hall	2600	Millard	M	Edward Bates & Co
„ Rt. of St. George	1933	Durant	O	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Othello	1934	Mundy	P	F. Muir & Co.
„ Idar	2395	Poland	..	E Bates & Co.
„ Drynfell	1068	Chubb	..	.....
„ Armenia	2218	Read	Off Side	W.&A.Graham&Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
„ Peninsular	..	Orman	1	P. & O. Co.
„ Indra	2333	McGill	2	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Worsley Hall	2176	Verril	4	E. Bates & Co.
„ Khalif	1475	Nash	6	R. Framjee.
„ Byculla	1073	Kendall	6	M. Mackenzie & Co
„ Poseidon	2510	Mersa	8	A.-H. Lloyd's & Co.
„ Busheer	539	Lewins	10	M. Mackenzie & Co
„ Amphitrite	2488	Lemesich	11	H. H. Lloyd's & Co.
„ Arara	2601	Mackinlay	12	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Peveril	1971	Biggess	13	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Newcomen	1352	Hansen	15	Ralli Bros.
„ River Indus	2255	Murray	16	K. Nixon & Co.

ARRIVALS.

May	Vessel.	Commander	From.
15	Booldana (s)	Cooper	Calcutta, April 26.
16	Persepolis (Persian Gun-boat).	Bathe	Bushire, May 5.
	Dago (s)	Corner	London, April 13.
	Krishna (s)	Nakoda	Mangalore.

DEPARTURES.

May	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
16	Werneth Hall (s).	Millard	Port Said and Liverpool.
	Worsley Hall (s).	Verril	Port Said and Antwerp.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Byculla, for Rangoon and Calcutta.
„ Runic, for Havre and Liverpool.

The following vessels obtained port clearance yesterday :—
Steamer Hindoo, Baker, for Jedda.
„ Gutenfels, Taree, for Calcutta.
„ Maharaja, Leftwich, for Coast and Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

May. ARRIVAL.
12 Purneah s .....Sanders.....Bombay, May 5.

DEPARTURES.
May 11.—Steamer Niobe and Ship County of Peebles.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 14.

Lockhart Mure, Lieut, Bo, Poona Horse, on leave, from Sirur.

MAY 16.

Tudby, Surgn, Bl, I M S, on furlough, from Begnor, N W P.
Skipwith, Lt-Col, Bl, R E, on special leave, from Naini Tal.
Wynell Magow, Major, Bl, R A, on leave, from Saugor.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 16.

Hodgkinson, Capt, Bo, 1st N Lanc Regt, to rejoin, to Mhow.
Thompson, Surg, Bo, medical staff, on duty, to Deesa.

MAY 17.

Smyth, Lieut, Ms, 1st Cheshire Regt, on private affairs, to England.
Stretton, Lieut, Ms, 1st Cheshire Regt, on private affairs, to England.
Amedroz, Capt, K O York L, I, on private affairs, to England.
Tudby, Surgn Bl, I M S, on furlough, to England.
Skipwith, Lt-Col, Bl, RE, on special leave, to England.
Wynell Magow, Major, Bl, RA, on privilege leave, to England.

THE undermentioned details expected from Aden by the I. M. S. Tenasserim, on or about the 20th instant, will on arrival be attached to the Marine Battalion, pending despatch to their destination :—

R. A.—Aden District.—6 men, 2 women and 1 child.
Aden troops.—1 man, 1 woman and 1 child.
No. 4 Co. Bombay Sappers and Miners—2 men, 2 women, and 5 children.
3rd Bombay L. I.—7 men, 1 woman and 2 children.
Ordnance Dept.—5 men.

DAILY IMPORTS.—MAY 16.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Roumania s—3 cases books, S Pandurung.
Niagara s—30 drums turpentine, A Sumsoodin.
Cuba s—5 cases turpentine, Piers Morris.
Werneth Hall s—100 boxes candles, A Ebrahim.

FROM GLASGOW.

Clan Buchanan s—24 bales paper, S A S Dawood ; 30 barrels lubricating oil, J M Heyn and Co ; 5 bales paper, Byramji Shapoorji ; 45 hogsheads ale, Finlay, Muir and Co.
Clan Sinclair s—50 cases whisky and 25 cases provisions, Walsh Lovett and Co.
Lycia s—25 hogsheads ale, W Bell and Co.
Roumania s—25 hogsheads ale, W Bell and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Kangra s—3 casks codliver oil, B Smith and Co ; 101 cases whisky and 115 cases geneva, D Cowasji ; 50 cases wines, Jamsetjee Eduljee.
Peninsular s—5 cases plate glass, D Canjee and Co ; 50 cases slate pencils, R Abdoolhoossein ; 7 cases hams, bacon and cheese, Bolton and Co ; 12 cases brandy, Maneckjee Jamsetjee.
Rohilla s—10 packages paper, H Abdoolally ; 21 cases lamps, Sodder and Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind s—1 hogshead gin, Pestonji and Co.
Deepdale s—24 cases paper, M A M Shurufally ; 17 case paper, S A S Dawood ; 750 packages gunpowder, Heptoola Shaik Adum and Co.
Alhena s—500 kegs gunpowder, Heptoola Shaik Adum and Co ; 2 hogsheads rectified spirit, Pestonji and Co.

FROM HULL.

Chicago s—11 cases perfumery, J H A Latiff.

FROM RODI.

Elektra s—22 barrels storax, Ewart Latham and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Elektra s—2 cases musical instruments, Soundy and Co.
Imperator s—15 cases soap, N M H Cassam ; 9 packages paper, H Jewabhoy ; 21 bales paper, N Amirbhoy.

FROM MARSEILLES.

D Balduino s—10 packages bird shot, M Noorbhoy ; 1 case watches, Marcks and Co.

FROM GENOA.

D Balduino s—15 packages lanterns, A H Esmail.

FROM ANTWERP.

Atrato s—8 hogsheads spirit, H Maneckjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 16.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Clan Buchanan s—100 bales cotton, Finlay, Muir and Co ; 300 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co ; 100 bales cotton, A S Modeliar and Co ; 100 bales cotton waste, G Nursee ; 45 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 110 bales cotton, G Janmamed.
Roumania s—150 bales cotton, F Noormamed ; 210 cwts cottonflies, H F M Remtoola ; 875 cwts cottonflies, M Bhimjee ; 231 cwts katkee and 235 cwts myrabolums, S Dossa ; 280 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co ; 6 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Damascus s—24 bales tanned skins, J Purdhun ; 63 bags coffee, Finlay Muir and Co ; 40 cwts deer horns, Janmamed Remtoola; 100 cwts gum Arabic, A R Khan Mamed ; 6 rolls of coir matting, A R Sidick ; 112 cwts olibanum, M Ludha ; 22 cwt gum Arabic, S Nurpal ; 2 cwts dry ginger, P Laljee ; 125 cwts dry ginger, G Camjee ; 14 bales tanned skins, H CH Gunny ; 2 bales tanned hides, H A H Jan Mamed ; 14 bales untanned hides, C Sewjee ; 16 bales tanned skins, L Chuttoo.
Peninsular s—4 cwts ivory, Noor Md Ahmed ; 2 cwts ivory, P M Adamjee ; 7 cwts ivory, E Papia.
Indra s—19 cwts gum olibanum, A Hassum ; 300 bales cotton, A S Moodeliar and Co.
Othello s—2,091 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Arara s—4,309 cwts wheat, and 3,997 cwts teaseed, Ralli Bros ; 1,000 cwts castorseed, 800 cwt wheat, and 450 cwts groundnuts, C C Jussawalla.

FOR DUNKIRK.

River Indus s—2,001 cwts groundnuts, Beyts, Craig and Co ; 4,002 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 4,002 cwts rapeseed, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Drumfell s—9,000 cwts wheat, The Bombay Co Ld ; 85 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 1,000 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Lycia s—1,500 bales cotton, G Lockhart and Co ; 2,892 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co ; 3,047 cwts linseed and 4,000 cwts groundnuts, J Facheri ; 900 cwts wheat, A Blascheck and Co.
Strath Clyde s—6,003 cwts rapeseed, J C Bushby and Co ; 4,000 cwts linseed, Beyts, Craig and Co ; 4,002 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.
Worsley Hall s—1,081 cwts groundnuts, J Fachiri.

FOR MESSINA.

Indra s—10,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Peveril s—440 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co ; 330 bales cotton, G Lockhart and Co ; 385 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 450 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co ; 605 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co ; 110 bales cotton, The Bombay Co, Ld.
Amphitrite s—220 bales cotton, G Lockhart and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Indra s—105 cwts gingellyseed, E Spinner and Co ; 2,025 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Idar s—450 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Peveril s—200 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Othello s—110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.
Khalif s—220 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co ; 20 cwts gum Arabic, F Hurst ; 5,581 cwts rapeseed and 690 cwts myrabolums, Volkart Bros.

FOR PORT SAID.

Worsley Hall s—312 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 16.

A QUIET feeling, presaging, it maybe, an early closing of the busy export season, has settled down upon our markets during the week under review. In sympathy with advices from Liverpool and New York our Cotton Market has been quiet when not positively dull, until to-day, when a firmer tone prevailed, and demand both from shippers and local spinners has been most languid, though prices have been pretty steadily maintained. The activity which was felt in Oil Seeds and in a lesser degree in Wheat to the close of last week has subsided, and the former market has become dull with little doing, while transactions in the latter are now on a moderate scale, though a steady tone prevails. Exchange has latterly been firm and advancing, but the improvement in rates compared with what they were a week ago is marked by only 1-32d. advance in each class of Paper. Government Five per cent. Paper has fluctuated within narrow limits, and closes 1-16 per cent. above last Thursday's quotation. Freights, which have been dull and drooping during the greater part of the week, have shown a decidedly firmer tone to-day, though there is but little enquiry from shippers. Rather less has been doing in Imports, but the position of the market either in ready or arrival business shows little change.

MONEY has been in good demand by the Banks during the past week, and the good rates offering for short Loans has attracted funds from the Bazaar, where, in consequence, the medium of trade is rather less abundant than it has been of late. Transaction, however, in view of the short period of the busy season now remaining, are beginning to run into a narrower compass, and the volume of available capital may be expected to increase week by week. Meantime the Presidency Bank's statement issued at the beginning of the week showed but little change either way in trade requirements, a considerable accession to private Deposits having been about counterbalanced by the aggregate increase in Loans and Bills discounted. The Cash Balance, however, was over 2¾ lakhs higher, owing to an increase in Government Deposits. The Bank's minimum rate remains at 9 per cent., no change having been made at the Board meeting this afternoon.

EXCHANGE opened firm, not to say strong, on the day following the date of our last report, and a fair supply of Merchants' Bills coming out, the ready rates for 3 months' sight Credits was soon advanced to 1s. 4 7-16d., 1s. 4 13-32d. having been still the rate for this mail, and 1s. 4⅜d. for the balance of the month. Bank Telegraphic was available for a week forward at 1s. 4½d., and 1s. 4 1-16d. was quoted for transfer to about the end of the year. On Saturday the market was rather quiet. Three months' sight Credits were quoted at the last at 1s. 4 7-16d. but business was done at 1s. 4 13-32d. for the mail and for this month. Some Bank Telegraphic was done for transfer within a fortnight, at 1s. 4½d. and forward rates were firm. The new week opened with a quiet feeling, and with Bank Demand 1-32d. below Saturday's closing quotation. The tone was afterwards fairly steady, but with very little business doing, and Bills were becoming scarce. On Tuesday the market was steady, money having been scarce with the Banks. Three months' sight Credits were quoted 1s. 4 13-32d. for this mail and next, at 1s. 4⅜d. for the 28th May and 4th June and at 1s 4 11-32d. thereafter. Few Bills came out, however, and there was scarcely any demand for remittance, even though 1s. 4 9-32d. for Demand Bank Bills was possible. The market opened with a firmer feeling yesterday morning at Tuesday evening's quotations for Bank demand Bills and three months' sight Credits, and a moderate business was done at hardening rates for the latter, the market closing firm. Reuter's telegram to hand this morning brought advice of the allotment of 12½ lakhs. Council Bills of 1s 4 3-16d. and 32½ lakhs of Wire Transfers at 1s. 4 9-32d.; and of a rsie of 1-16d. in Silver, at 42¼d. per oz.; and this market opened firm with 1s. 4 5-16d. quoted for demand Bank Bills. A quieter feeling, however, prevailed this afternoon, though, with the exception of Bank Demand, there is no alteration in rates. Merchants' Bills are scarce; but some of the Banks do not care to buy. Our closing quotations for ready business are :—

Bank Demand	1s. 4 9-32d.	per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 9-32d	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 11-32d.	"
Do. 4 do.	1s. 4⅜d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 15-32d.	"
Credits 3 do.	1s. 4 7-16d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 7-32d.	"
Documents 3 do.	1s. 4 15-32d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 9-16	"
Francs 3 do.	1·73	"
Do. 6 do.	1·74½	"

The weekly official statement regarding Silver at the Mint gives the following figures :—

Value of Silver in the Mint on 15th May 1889	Rs. 1,06,99,408
Silver received during the week	2,17,447
	Rs. 1,09,07,855
New coin paid during the week	22,02,657
	Rs. 87,05,198
Bullion belonging to private individuals	11,79,101
	Rs. 98,84,599
Last week	1,08,84,866

GOVERNMENT PAPER was quiet again when last mail left, with little doing either for Money or Accounts. Fours for cash were at 99 15-16 throughout the day, with the 30th May account quoted at 100½ to 3-16, and the end of June settlement at 100¼. The market remained pretty steady to the end of the week at the above quotation for Fours for cash; but for the next two accounts 100¼ and 100 5-16 respectively, were named. The market opened on Monday with a rather firmer feeling in Fours for cash, and 100 1-16 was at one time quoted, but the rate was nominal, no business having been reported, and at closing 99⅞ to 15-16 was the rate. For the 30th May there were buyers at 100 3-16, and for the 30th June account 100 5-16 was the nominal rate. On Tuesday par was at first quoted for Four per cents for cash, but the price soon declined to 99⅞ to 15-16, with little or nothing doing, and at closing 99⅞ was the rate, with buyers thereat. For the coming account 100½ was generally quoted, and some business transpired at the rate; and for the 30th June 100¼ was the nominal price, nothing having been booked on that line. The market opened weak for Money yesterday. Fours having been quoted at 99 13-16, which remained the rate till the after part of the day, when it advanced to 99⅞ to 15-16, at which it closed. For account 100¼ was quoted for the 30th instant and 100½ for the end of June, with buyers on both lines. The feeling was again weak this morning, with sellers of Fours at par; but the tone improved as the day advanced, though par was still the quotation at closing. For the next account there were buyers at 100 3-16, and the rate afterwards advanced 1-16 per cent. with a good deal doing; for the 30th June account quotation moved up to 100⅜. For the other Paper 104, with occasional buyers at the rate has been quoted; but 104¼ was named this evening at closing.

Five per cent. Municipal Loan and Port Trust Bonds are both unchanged at 108 and 97, respectively.

SHARES—No kind of scrip appears to attract much attention just now, and we have again to chronicle a quiet week in shares of all descriptions. In Mill shares prices, compared with those which ruled a week ago, have advanced in about as many cases as they have declined, the following being the principal changes :—Central India have advanced Rs. 40; Mahalukshmi, Luckmidas Khimji, Khatao Mucconji, and Hyderabad Deccan are Rs. 10 higher; Jewraj Balloo and Khandeish have advanced Rs. 5 each. On the other hand, Indian Manufacturing have declined Rs. 40, Sholapore and Queen are Rs. 15 lower, Star of India and Hindustan are Rs. 10 down Oriental and City of Bombay have declined Rs. 5 each. In Press shares, Scind and Punjab are Rs. 75 lower, Mercantile are Rs. 17½ down, French Press have advanced Rs. 10, Apollo are Rs. 5 lower, Bombay Cotton and Mofussil, are Rs. 2½ higher. In Miscellaneous concerns, Kurrachee Lighterage are Rs. 50 down, Thacker and Co. have declined Rs. 15, Port Canning and Marcks and Co. are Rs. 2½ higher. Bombay-Burma Trading, first issue, are Rs. 25 lower, and the others Rs. 5 down. Bombay Ice declined Rs. 2. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 7½ lower; National Bank have advanced Rs. 5 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Owing to the high rates of interest now ruling capitalists have deposited considerable sums of money with the local Banks for periods of one to two months, and money has consequently become less abundant in the Bazaar. The buying power of up-country purchasers have thus been curtailed, and a somewhat smaller business has been the result. This class of buyers have offered to buy large quantities of *Grey Shirtings* at what they consider a sufficient reduction in rates; but dealers generally are unwilling to lower their pretensions. In other staples *Grey Goods*, *Bleached*, *Printed*, *Dyed*, and *Turkey Red Goods* there has been less doing, but prices generally are unchanged. The clearances of *imported goods* during the week is estimated at 3,000 bales. *Local goods* have been in less demand, and the tone of the market is quiet. 1,800 bales were reported to have been sold since last Thursday.

YARN.—Transactions in imported *Twist* during the past week have been upon a small scale in a quiet market, but prices show no change. Telegrams from Hong Kong advise that during the week ending yesterday evening 4,100 bales had been sold with Exchange at Rs. 224½. Excepting the best qualities, 10s and 20s had given way in value from ¼ to ½ a dollar a bale at Hong Kong; and here matters are somewhat worse than they were last week, China buyers being less in earnest about operating than they were a week ago. About 4,000 bales have changed hands during the week, and at closing the market was brisk with more doing in all counts up to 20s. The official quotations are as follows :—

Twist	No. 6s	Mule, As.	4½	to 5 1-16 per lb.
"	" 8s	"	5¼	" 5¼ "
"	" 10s	"	5¾	" 6 1-16 "
"	" 12s	"	5 11-16	" 6 1-8 "
"	" 16s	"	6¾	" 6¾ "
"	" 20s	"	6¾	" 7 "
"	" 24s	"	7 3-16	" 7¼ "
"	" 30s	"	7¾	" 8 "

METALS.—A small business has been done in *Copper*, and prices are 4 annas per cwt. lower in a quiet market. *Yellow Metal*, on the other hand, has advanced half a rupee per cwt., and the tone of the market is firm, though with little doing. *Iron* has been steady but rather inactive; *Sheets* are 4 as. per cwt. higher; but other descriptions are unaltered.

COALS.—There has been nothing doing during the past week in the way of arrival business. An enquiry has again sprung up for ready Powell's Duffryn, and sellers are now asking Rs. 23 per ton for both ready in harbour and to arrive. For English Coal there is absolutely no demand, and prices are daily declining. A few small lots of Scotch and North Wales have been placed at Rs. 15½ to Rs. 15¼ and 16½ per ton, respectively.

EXPORT.

COTTON.—The forward state of the planting of the new American crop which has caused a reaction in New York, and which, together with the resistance of Lancashire spinners to a higher range of prices in Cotton has also led to a downward movement in Liverpool, has sympathetically affected our local market for the staple during the past week, and we have daily had a very quiet when not actually dull market, business having been on a small scale for the time of year, and demand both from exporters and local spinners having been very languid. Although very little was doing when last mail left, prices were steady at the quotations given in our last report; and the week closed without any material change in rates, though the feeling had become decidedly dull. The new week opened with the same dull tone and absence of demand, and though thereafter rather more business transpired and prices were steady upon the whole, there were no signs of a return of the activity which lately characterisd the market. The bulk of the purchases reported during the week have been in Bengals and Dharwar at Rs. 182-205 and Rs. 225-8, respectively, the mills having been the principal buyers of the former and exporters of the latter. The other business has been in Julgaum at Rs. 213-27, and small lots of Oojein, at Rs. 209-10, Bhownuggar at Rs. 205; Mowa, at Rs. 228; Veravul, at Rs. 100; Wadhwan, at Rs. 216-26, Karanja at Rs. 215, Dhulia, at Rs. 209; and Compta, at Rs. 193-8 per candy. The rather better news to hand this morning from Liverpool and America has given a firmer tone to our market again, and we close Re. 1 to Rs. 2 higher than last mail's quotations.

The Arrivals of New Cotton during the past week have been 65,300 bales, against 60,700 bales in the previous week, and 56,050 bales for the corresponding week last year. Instead of the falling off in receipts which was confidently predicted at this time, the figures continue to grow, and the excess compared with last season's arrivals, has now reached 394,400 bales, the largest increase shown since the season opened.

The following are to-day's quotations for full pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost and Freight to Liverpool *via* Canal without commission, *viz.* :—

Cotton—	Per candy.	Per lb. C & F
Bengal, Fine	Rs. 208	= 4 5-16d.
Do. Fully Good	" 199	= 4¼d.
Do. Good.	" 193	= 4 1-32d.
Oomra, Fully Good (Good Staple)	" 230	= 4¾d.
Do. Good "	" 220	= 4 9-16d.
Do. Fully Good Fair "	" 214	= 4 7-16d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	" 219	= 4 17-32d.
Khandeish, Good	" 213	= 4 15-32d.
Do. F. G. Fair	" 206	= 4 9-32d.
Belatee, Fine	" 223	= 4¾d.
Do. Fully Good	" 218	= 4 17-32d.
Do. Good	" 208	= 4 5-16d.
Dhollera Fine	" 237	= 4 29-32d.
Do. Fully Good	" 228	= 4 23-32d.
Do. Good	" 215	= 4 15-32d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good (June)	" 229	= 4¾d.
Westerns, Good	" 217	= 4½d.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1889.	1888.	1887.
For the week	62,895	67,069	86,281
From 1st Jan. to 15th May	1,333,868	1,013,788	1,122,319
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	29,620	56,018	51,545
From 1st Jan. to 15th May	914,886	587,453	717,913
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	533	1,413	1,449
From 1st Jan. to 15th May	15,481	14,501	16,451

The arrivals of New Cotton into Bombay this season as compared with last are as follows :—

	Season 1888-89. Bales.	Season 1887-88. Bales.
Bengals	268,700	196,000
Berar	376,100	178,000
Khandeish	269,700	190,000
Barsi and Nugger	116,700	67,000
Hingunghaut	25,200	800
Broach	139,800	99,500
Dhollera	211,300	269,500
Sind and Persian	34,800	37,000
Compta and Dharwar	39,100	51,000
Westerns and Madras	3,800	2,000
	1,485,200	1,090,800

WHEAT was firm when last mail left and a moderate business was passing at previous quotations; and on the following day the market became active, and considerable transactions were reported, the price of *Pessy* advancing half an anna per cwts, say to Rs. 4-13-6 for 91 per cwt. and to Rs. 4-12-6 for 85 per cwt. The new week opened with a quiet feeling, however, and only a small business has been transacted daily in the meantime, while the tone of the market from steady has become dull, but without any further change in rates.

SEEDS—A large business was done last Friday more particularly in *Linseed*, the price of which advanced 2 annas per cwt in a strong market; and on Saturday demand continuing active, further considerable transactions in *Lin* and *Rape* took place, and prices moved up 1 to 2 annas per cent. The animation has not been sustained this week, however; demand has fallen off considerably and only a moderate business has been passing daily, the tone of the market remaining steady. We quote this evening:

Linseed	Rs. 6-10-6 to Rs. 6-13-0 p. cwt.
Rapeseed, Guzerat Yellow	" 7-4-0 "
Do. Cawnpore	" 6-15-0 " 7-2-0 "
Do. do. Red	" 6-6-0 6-6-6 "

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows :—

	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheat for the week	345,314	578,386	594,448
" from 1st Jan. to 15th May	3,121,306	4,334,065	4,770,285
Linseed for the week	67,570	122,733	95,701
" from 1st Jan. to 15th May	1,049,142	1,449,789	1,401,077
Rapeseed for the week	62,984	112,424	31,960
" from 1st Jan. to 15th May	729,714	607,178	308,349
Gingelly Seed for the week	11,221	5,258	15,041
" from 1st Jan. to 15th May	613,826	590,836	722,320

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows :—

Wheat—For the week	280,952	495,930	254,424
" From 1st Jan. to 15th May	2,754,179	2,919,046	3,558,081
Linseed—For the week	51,469	84,156	157,656
" From 1st Jan. to 15th May	837,395	1,036,059	995,321
Rapeseed—For the week	27,391	128,342	47,712
" From 1st Jan. to 15th May	630,735	376,314	236,908
Gingelly Seed—For the week	88,436	13,616	28,642
" From 1st Jan. to 15th May	664,233	656,325	847,697

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price.—As. 4 per Copy.

CONTENTS

PAGE.
1 HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE—LATEST TELEGRAMS—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
2-3 GENERAL SUMMARY.
4 Jottings from Surat—Baroda Notes and News—A Delicate Question—Matheran in the Season—Accident to Mr. Spencer.
5 TELEGRAMS—MILITARY—The Bombay Saw Mills—Mehableshwur Season.
6-7 Salvationists in the Penitentiary—The Porebandar Show.
8 Notes from Igatpuri—Portuguese India—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY.
9 Serious Charge Against a Ship's Crew—The New Pay System—Death of Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, C.S.I.
10 Coolie-Kidnapping in Bengal—Surat Fire Relief Fund.
11 Affairs in Sikkim—Bombay Veterinary College—Bombay Natural History Society.
12 Hindu Marriage Festivities—Death of Herr Braun of the Stanley Opera Company—Dixon Memorial Fund.
13 The Karenni Expedition.
14 The Postal Photographic Society—Tigers at Khandalla—The Fight at Jaban—The Simla Season—Another Fire at Delhi.
15 Bombay Municipal Corporation.
16 An Extraordinary Child-Murder—Baronet Cricket Club—Bombay Port Trust—Quetta Races.
17 LEADING ARTICLES: India at the Paris Exhibition—"The Pulse of the Alumni is Low."
18 LEADING ARTICLES: The Mofussil Municipalities—The late Rao Saheb Mandlik.
19 LEADING ARTICLES: The Indian Telegraph Department—English Opinion on the Crawford Cases.
20 LEADING ARTICLES: Irrigation in Sind—The Surat Fires—Springing up like a Gourd.
21 A Debate on Christianity—Presentation to a Mill Manager—CORRESPONDENCE: Treasury Balances.
22 Zanzibar Intrigues—Chess Tournament for Bombay—Sad Occurrence on Board the s. s. Chilka—Survey of the Sunderbuns—BENGAL—MADRAS—N.-W.-P. PUNJAB AND OUDH
23 MISCELLANEOUS—OFFICIAL GAZETTES: Government of India Notifications.
24 Bombay Government Orders—Orders by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.
25-26 COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.
27-28 SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE—BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS—ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BIRTHS.

ELKINS—May 6, at Bareilly, the wife of Dav Elkins, S M D, of a son.
MCNAUGHT—May 9, at Meerut, the wife of Thomas S G McNaught, Postal Department, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

GIBBONS—COATES—May 9, at St John's, Calcutta, by the Rev W B Hyde, M A, Surgeon James Barry Gibbons, I M S, to Aimee Annie, eldest daughter of Brigade Surgeon J M Coates, M D, I M S.

DEATHS.

GAUDOIN—May 13, at Madras, Ordnance Lines, Lydia, wife of Asst Apothecary G B Gaudoin, Civil Medical Employ, Burma, aged 25 years.
MIDDLEMISS—May 11, at "Melrose," Naini Tal, Charles Hugh, infant son of C S Middlemiss, Geological Survey of India, aged 9 months and 20 days.

The Bombay Gazette
FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1889.

THE want of suitable quarters for Government subordinates in Bombay has now been much felt for many years, and the erection of the much-needed buildings has frequently been under the consideration of Government, but the matter is postponed from year to year on the plea that no funds are available for the purpose. Government has a hard and fast rule that the construction of public buildings should be met from the current revenue of the year in which the money is spent, and if this rule be adhered to as rigidly as has hitherto been the case, the Government subordinates of this generation, at any rate, have a very poor chance of getting properly housed in Government quarters. The barracks at Colaba, estimated to cost nine lakhs, have been under construction now for two years, and apparently it is intended to apply to this work about one and a half lakhs a year, at which rate they will not be completed until some time in 1894; and in the present state of the finances it will be difficult to get any other military work of importance commenced until this is out of hand. Quarters for forty warrant officers and others at Fort George seems to be the next large item on the programme, which will cost four lakhs, and at the one and a half lakh a year rate of expenditure may possibly be completed some time before the end of the present century. It is possibly expedient that the provision of improved barrack accommodation, an expenditure which is not directly remunerative, should be taken in hand in this leisurely manner, and the arrangement is not altogether without its advantages, but it is a very different matter when Government officials are without any accommodation at all, and are living in private buildings for which an exorbitant rent is paid by the general taxpayer. The Military subordinates (other than soldiers living in barracks), the mechanics of the Mint, and the artisans of the Gun Carriage Factory at Colaba are now for the most part living in hired buildings in different parts of Bombay. In the Military Department alone the charge for rent or compensation in lieu of rent paid to subordinates amounts, we are credibly informed, to quite Rs. 30,000 a year, which at 4 per cent. represents a capital sum of seven and a half lakhs, and it would be good economy to at once borrow the money required for the buildings, and so get rid of this and other annual charges for rent. With the finances in their present state, it is hopeless to expect an increase of the grant for buildings of this class as far as the current revenues are concerned; but the credit of Government is good; it can borrow money in England at 3 per cent., and might easily borrow the money needed, and provide the necessary buildings required in Bombay for which exorbitant rents are now paid. The circumstances are altogether special and require special treatment. A committee of responsible officers might perhaps be formed with power to deal with the whole subject; the amount now spent by Government for rents in all departments should be granted to this committee, who would be responsible for the economical disposal of the amount. Quarters for the subordinates should be provided by the committee at first by hiring suitable houses at the lowest possible rents and finally by constructing them. It would be necessary for Government to advance money to the committee on terms similar to those granted to the Port Trustees for the construction of the Victoria Dock, namely, at four per cent. interest with one per cent. sinking fund, to commence four years after the completion of the works. The committee, by judicious building operations, would, no doubt, be able to provide the more pressing requirements within the next few years, they would receive the amount now paid as rents by Government, and any other rents which could be recovered from parties occupying the buildings, and with this would be able to pay off the interest and sinking fund of the money borrowed. The committee could be dissolved as soon as their work was completed, but the fund could be maintained by ordinary Government agency until the debt was liquidated, forty years hence, when the whole of the buildings would become the absolute property of Government and the rents (received or saved) would go to swell the general revenues.

The present plan of Government entering, through its subordinates, into competition with the general public for house-accommodation is most unfair to house-seekers and the general taxpayers. In some parts of Bombay house rent for persons of moderate means has undoubtedly been enhanced of late years by the operation of the ordinary laws of supply and demand; but the increased supply lately provided does not cause rents to fall, and the enhancement of rents generally has been considerably aggravated by unfair Government competition. Government in many cases, instead of allowing a subordinate compensation in lieu of house-rent at a rate suitable to his social status, has re-imbursed the rent actually paid. This may be fair to the employé, but it has the effect of removing all motives of economy from the official house-seeker, who can within certain limits pay any rent a landlord may choose to demand, and in some cases offer the landlord even more than he expects to receive. Say, for example, a subordinate on a salary of about Rs. 300 is entitled to quarters. None are available near his work, and Government, very reluctantly, no doubt, secures hired quarters at, say, Rs. 150 a month. Later on the man becomes dissatisfied with his rooms or they have to be given up, and he goes house-seeking in the usual way, and ultimately finds what he requires, which he might perhaps procure for Rs. 100 or Rs. 125, that being the rent paid by the outgoing tenant; but it does not suit him to have his house-rent allowance reduced, and in approaching the landlord intimates that Government allow him Rs. 150 for rent and he is willing to pay that amount for the vacant quarters. The head of the department raises no objection to the change on the specious pretext that "no extra expense is involved," and the change takes place. The landlord of course makes no objection, though he would have been glad to accept a good tenant at the old rate, but on the contrary thinks all his other houses are underlet and increases the whole of the rents on the first favourable opportunity. This is no fairy tale, but a fair example of the operation of the present plan of housing subordinates for whom official quarters are not available. The Police Department, too, is a great renter of houses and a culprit responsible in some degree for enhanced rents in certain localities, and it would be well for Government to accept our suggestion to appoint a permanent committee to deal with all questions of rents, house-renting, and construction in the town and island of Bombay with a view to more economical arrangements for providing the buildings permanently required for Government purposes for which rents are now paid.

JUDGING from the "impressions" of a lady correspondent, which were reproduced in our columns yesterday, it would appear that the wives and daughters whom we have been in the habit of sending to spend the hot weather at Matheran do not fully appreciate the charms of that delightful little spot. The fact is the labours of Mr. Hugh Malet just thirty years ago have not been productive of such good results as were anticipated. The sum and substance of our correspondent's remarks is that Matheran is slow, and for an Indian health resort to have that reputation is equivalent to everlasting condemnation. There is a gymkhana, but it is too diminutive for practical purposes. There is no race-course, nor any horses to run races if there were. There are no military—consequently there is no band. Matheran is essentially a place to send sickly children to during the hot weather, and possibly the most appropriate station in Western India in which to spend a honeymoon. But there is not much marrying or giving in marriage among Europeans in India, therefore the purpose for which it is most suitable is that for which it is least used. Matheran ought, however, to stand in the same relationship to Bombay as Buxton or Harrogate does to the large towns of Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Cheshire, or as Hastings and Eastbourne or Tunbridge Wells does to London. But little has been done to place it in that relationship, or to increase the facilities for getting there. A two hours' run either in the early morning or the noon of the day brings the visitor to Narel railway station, and immediately he must commence his two hours' ride to the summit of the hill. A long array of ponies recalling to memory, if not the size and proportions, at least the peculiarities of the gay Rosinante, and of these if he chooses one, the chances are it is an unfortunate brute which in its earlier days has been seized by a panther and lost a haunch. The answer he receives from his attendant *ghorawalla* to his first question is disappointing. *Bahut mem saheb log hai; sub saheb-log niche gaya.* This is the invariable information. By the time he has reached the first mile post, however, and a height of 519 feet he finds himself in a cooler, sweeter atmosphere than that which he has left, and he makes up his mind that if he cannot hope to enjoy the society of an abundance of people, and if billiards at the top of the hill are unknown, he can at least enjoy a complete change and an entire rest, and when he has had his fill of that he can follow those who are reported *niche gaya*. But the beauties of Matheran and the possibilities of development are alike unlimited. The sylvan charms of its "points" and byeways have never been adequately described; indeed, they are little known. A "hydropathic" in Garbutt Circus, a switch-back railway from Narel to Governor's Hill, a detachment of British Infantry with a band, and a couple of mountain batteries stationed near its higher terminus, a toboggan slide on one of the less dangerous points, a band-stand on Panorama Point, the roads along which, as all other roads, widened and efficiently protected; a race-course on the rich belt of land which the *Gazetteer* so fully describes between the third and fourth mile posts—all these have been suggested by visitors from time to time. But the inevitable cynic reminds the projectors of all these schemes of the 200 inches rainfall and they disappear like all other castles in Spain. With all its shortcomings Matheran deserves to be popular. As our lady correspondent remarks, there are no mosquitoes; one may go abroad with comparative comfort at any hour of the day; there are the loveliest rides imaginable and even the tonjons are not devoid of interest. The contrast between the representative of civilisation and wealth and those of a stage short of barbarism is unique. It is an unrehearsed *tableau vivant*. And many such pretty scenes are to be met with every day of the week. The climate is invigorating; drinking water good; there is no malaria; the hotel accommodation compares very favourably with that of Bombay; the expenses attendant upon a visit there are not heavy, and it is within easy distance of the city. The Railway Company has done something, though that something is little towards improving the facilities of visitors. Good dressing rooms and lavatories have been provided at the station and porterage is cheap and well regulated. But the paucity of stopping trains and the inconvenient hours at which they are timed render a journey to and from Matheran far more tedious than they have any need to be, and defer the time when Matheran for at least eight months of the year will be a suburb of Bombay, and when men engaged in business in the city will run up to town in a morning and be back in the evening—a desideratum which, of course, there is no immediate hope of accomplishing, but which certainly ought to be within the category of coming events.

ONE of the largest exhibitors in the Indian Palace of the Paris Exhibition is the Cashmere State. Messrs. Ardeshir and Bhumgara are among the stall-holders; but from what we can learn, the bulk of the collection will be supplied by the principal London firms importing Indian art manufactures. We must not forget the large share taken, and properly taken, by the representatives of an important Indian industry. No small portion of the serai will be set apart for the purpose of making visitors to the Exhibition better acquainted with the merits of our Assam tea, and the picturesque dress of the native waiters will doubtless add a further element of attraction. The shortness of the time in which the preparations had to be made and the limited amount of space allowed to this country by the French authorities prevented any appeal being made to the Native States generally to exhibit, though we presume that if any of them had expressed a wish to be represented steps would have been taken to comply with their request. Indeed, it seems to have been rather expected that Jeypore, which has so much to exhibit that is interesting and which has always taken so kindly to exhibitions, would have followed the example of the Cashmere raj. We understand that when the mail left letters were beginning to arrive from would-be exhibitors in India, expressing disappointment that no arrangements had been made for the forwarding and disposal of their goods, as on previous occasions. Those responsible for the Indian Section would have been glad to provide for a fuller representation, if such a thing had been possible. Like other people, they had to cut their coat according to their cloth, and no one, we feel sure, would have been more gratified than themselves if facilities could have been afforded to the class of traders who now lament their exclusion. Everything considered, it is surprising that so much has been done. At one period it looked as if there would be no special Indian Court at all. That we have been spared such a humiliation is mainly due to the energy, resource, and skill in overcoming obstacles of the London Committee, and particularly of its chairman, Sir George Birdwood. In an early issue we hope to be able to give our readers a list of the exhibitors and some description of the nature of their exhibits.

MR. C. B. PRITCHARD, C.S.I., the Commissioner in Sind, has been appointed to act as a member of H. E. the Governor's Council during the six month's absence of the Hon. J. B. Richey, C.S.I., on medical certificate.

MR. ANANDRAO NARAYAN, who has been twice elected member of the Corporation, is a candidate for one of the vacancies in the Justices seats now to be filled.

THE presidency season reports for the week ending 14th instant are summarised in the following general remarks:—"Rain in Southern Maratha Country and Deccan and in parts of Karachi, Shikarpur, and Ratnagiri. Harvesting of late crops continues in Hyderabad. Preparations for next season's crops progressing in most districts and sowing in Karachi. Fodder scarce in Khandesh and Nasik and in parts of Karachi, Thana, Poona, Ahmednagar, Dharwar, Kathiawar, and Baroda."

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending 14th May is stated as 536, a death-rate of 29·34 per thousand per annum, as against 476, or 26·88, the corresponding period of last year and 446, or 28·31, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 21 died of small-pox; 35, measles; 172, fevers; 7, cholera; 52, diseases of the nervous system; 78, affections of the respiratory organs; 15, diarrhœa; 7, dysentery; 23, still-born; 25, old age and debility; 14, accidents and violence. Classified the list shows: Buddhist or Jain, 21; Brahmin, 22 Bhatia, 2 Hindu of other caste, 266; Hindu outcaste, 42; Mussulman, 125; Parsi, 33; Jew, 2; Native Christian, 12; Eurasian, 4; European, 6; Chinese, 1. The number of births registered was 536 as against 478, or an average over the five years of 446.

FROM telegrams received yesterday from China we learn that during the preceding fortnight the sales of Indian yarn amounted to 7,000 bales, exchange being quoted at Rs. 224½ per 100 dollars. There was a decline of half a dollar per bale in all counts, more especially in Nos. 10s and 16s.

AMONGST the passengers leaving India by to day's mail-steamer is Mr. Steven Jacob, B.C.S., Accountant-General, Bombay, who proceeds home on ten months' furlough. As a thoroughly conscientious and able servant of Government, Mr. Jacob has won the esteem and respect of all who have been thrown into official relationship with him, whilst his indefatigable industry has not failed to make itself felt to the benefit of Government in the large office which for the past year has been under his control. In leaving India to-day for a time, Mr. Jacob takes with him the good wishes of not a few for the recruitment of his

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

REDEMPTION OF CONSOLS.

LONDON, MAY 16.

The Bank of England has notified that it will redeem the balance of 3 per cent. Consols at 101½ under a discount of 1 per cent. per annum until next July.

LORD HARTINGTON ON THE IRISH LAND QUESTION.

Lord Hartington speaking at Bury yesterday said the time had come when all parties should unite and settle the Irish Land question, which was the root of all the discontent in that country.

GENERAL MACLEAN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 16.

The *Pioneer* says :—General Maclean returns to Meshed next month.

THE "BIRTHDAY GAZETTE."

Usual "Birthday Gazette" will issue this year as usual, but the honours will be few, as there are not many vacancies.

RIVAL CLANS ON THE PERSIAN GULF.

There has been some fighting on the southern coast of the Persian Gulf between rival clans, in which some Turkish soldiers are believed to have taken share. The particulars are not known.

DEATH OF THE THIRD PRINCE OF ARCOT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MAY 16.

His Highness Azim Jah Intilzaum-ul-Mulk, third prince of Arcot, died this morning, aged 65 years, having been in infirm health for five years. No serious apprehensions were entertained till two days ago. His loss will be greatly felt by the poorer Mahomedans of Madras, with whom he was a great favourite owing mainly on account of his unbounded liberality.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORT SAID, MAY 15.

The Hall Line steamer Aston Hall, homeward bound from Bombay, left here this morning.

LIVERPOOL, MAY 15.

The Anchor Line steamer Arabia arrived here from Bombay this morning.

SUEZ, MAY 15.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Sinclair arrived here this morning.

LIVERPOOL, MAY 13.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Matheson left here for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta this morning.

ADEN, MAY 16.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Siam, with homeward Indian mails of 10th inst., arrived here at 5 a.m. to-day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MAY 15.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed with a hardening tendency. Surats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 7-16

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1-4
2½ per cent. Consols for account	99
3½ per cent. French Rentes	87⅓
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	67½
4½ per cent. „	70⅝
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	109½
Bar Silver	42¼

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, May 16.—Pressure has increased almost everywhere, the rise over Sind, Rajputana, the N. W.-P., West Bengal, and the east of the Central Provinces being considerable. The relative distribution is very little changed. The depression over Sind, though becoming slighter, is still shown, while the lowest readings are shown over Oudh, West Bengal, and the Central Provinces. Winds are variable. The southerly current from the Bay into Lower Bengal is veering towards south-west. Again on the west coast the wind is north-easterly. Weather is cloudy in Bengal and the peninsula, and rain has fallen in those two regions. The largest amount is four inches in Berhampore. Temperature is above normal average, except in the Punjab, but the excess is now insignificant in Burma.

AFTER to-day the English mail steamer will leave on Tuesday of each week until after the monsoon.

THE friends of His Excellency Sir Salar Jung will be glad to hear that His Excellency is recovering from his attack of rheumatism and is much better in health.

CAPTAIN O'DONNELL, Assistant Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, has passed the ordinary lower standard departmental examination.

COLONEL GRANT is to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Hyderabad, Mr. F. Hosking, as Judge and Sessions Judge of Karachi, and Mr. A. B. Steward as Judge and Sessions Judge of Thana.

MR. R. P. BARROW, C.S., has been allowed six months' special leave.

MR. T. D. MACKENZIE, C.S., is to act as Commissioner of Customs, during the absence of Mr. Trevor, and Mr. H. O. Quin as Collector of Broach.

MR. H. R. COOKE, C.S., has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

YESTERDAY'S *Native Opinion* contained an excellent portrait of the late Rao Rao Saheb Mandlik lithographed by Mr. A. P. Cortez.

THE proceeds of two sales of Bengal opium and one month's pass duty on opium exported from Bombay amount to Rs. 1,28,51,875, or Rs. 8,86,875 better than the estimate. The Bengal returns have exceeded the estimate by Rs. 4,71,025 and the Bombay by Rs. 4,15,850.

UNTIL further notice the P. & O. steamers from Calcutta will not call at Madras on their homeward voyage.

A CHIEFTAINESS of the Lushais reports that the Shendus are collected with the intention of attacking Fort Lungleh. The bugler, who had been missing from the fort, has been found decapitated in the jungle.

THE Amir appears to have determined to spend the summer north of the Hindu Kush. He has now ordered his son, Habibullah, who has been governing at Kabul, to join him at Mazar-i-Shariff. Dr. Gray, His Highness's medical adviser, accompanies Habibullah.

WORK on the Nadrai aqueduct has advanced another stage, the arching having been completed on the 24th of last month. The aqueduct will carry the Lower Ganges Canal over the Kali Nadi at Nadrai in the Etah district, and when completed will be the largest in the world.

THE body of the British Vice-Consul, Mr. Ashworth, of Castellamare, has been found at Vico Equense, at the foot of a precipitous rock. The authorities believe that the deceased committed suicide, but further inquiries are being made.

MR. H. M. THOMPSON, B A., P. W. D., has been allowed furlough for 18 months.

SURGEON J. CRIMMIN is to act as Port Health Officer, *vice* Surgeon Monks.

MR. A. SHORE has been appointed an Inspector of Boilers and Prime Movers.

TIGRESS SHOT BY THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MAHABLESHWUR, MAY 15.

EARLY yesterday those who were abroad for their morning ride or walk heard the exciting news that His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught and a party of sportsmen had gone after a tiger reported to be prowling about near Arthur's Seat, nine miles or so from the centre of the station. On reaching the spot, the party stationed themselves according to the route the tiger was expected to take, and at about 12 noon a beautiful tigress appeared and passed near the tree where His Royal Highness had taken up his position. The Duke fired and shot the tigress in the side, and the single bullet did its work with completeness, for though the tigress managed to get away among the bushes to some distance from the spot where she was shot, she was found by Colonel Lyttelton and Captain Herbert *in extremis*, and was only shot again to save her from possible suffering. The carcass was brought in, and in the evening His Excellency and all Mahableshwur repaired to the compound of the Frere Hall to see the prize. Captain Herbert, who has encountered so many tigers, described her first appearance amid the dense jungle as enchantingly lovely, and even the inexperienced were struck with the beauty of the head and finely marked body. She measured 8 feet 4 inches. The fatal bullet was carefully removed from the animal's side, and looked like a broken irregular bit of metal. The explosive or expanding bullet is of conical shape when fired, but on striking it opens out into the form of a mushroom, and does its work with terrible effect.

Yesterday was a much cooler day than we have had for some time past—a fortunate fact, as the royal sportsman and his party had to endure the hottest part of the day while in ambush. The young cub of the tigress is being sought for, and will probably be found and will become some one's pet. A tiger is still at large near Arthur's Seat, so there is a chance for another good shot for one who desires to add to his fame.

PORTUGUESE INDIA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GOA, MAY 13.

SENHOR MOUSINHO DE ALBUQUERQUE, the Acting Governor-General of Goa, seems to be determined not to wink at abuses of officers who in distributing Government loaves and fishes are governed by their hearts rather than by their heads. Some time since a board of examiners, consisting of five members, was appointed to examine some candidates for the post of sergeant. The board chose a candidate who was believed to be a protege of the committee. Complaints having been made that favouritism had guided the decision of the committee, examination papers were called for. The consequence has been that the Acting Governor-Generalhas issued an order severely reprimanding all the officers concerned and ordering their immediate transference to mark the Government displeasure.

Senhor Fernando Mousinho, the Chief Inspector of the Marmagao Railway, has been telegraphically called to Lisbon, though no reason has been given for this sudden call. About a year ago, when the second supplementary estimate for £50,000 to complete the harbour works was submitted to the Portuguese Parliament, a great commotion was made over the matter, and the amount has not been yet sanctioned. It will be a penny-wise-and-pound-foolish policy to withhold the estimated amount, without which the extension of the brake-water cannot be carried out, and the increased amount of accommodation to ships, which is necessary to meet the demand for export, will never be provided.

Senhor Mousinho, who has got a practical knowledge of the shortcomings of the Railway and Harbour Works Departments, will, no doubt, lay properly the matter before the Lisbon Government and obtain the necessary sanction to carry out the improvements.

On the 7th inst. we had smart good showers, accompanied with thunder and lightning.

Senhor Jose Godinho, the new Governor of Damaun, has reported to the Goa Government that he arrived there on the 5th and took charge of the office on the 6th instant.

It is rumoured that the Municipal Chamber of Ilhas intends giving a public reception to His Grace the Patriarch Archbishop of Goa on his arrival here from Matheran. Probably the Chamber wants to make amends for the indifferent reception with which His Grace was received in Bombay.

The project for a new palace for the Patriarch Archbishop, which was suspended, may now be looked upon almost as abandoned. The Minister is considering the financial crises through which the country is passing. The female college of N. S. de Piedade in Panjim has received two more European sisters to re-enforce its teaching staff.

THE DELICATE QUESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have read with much amusement "C. O.'s" letter in your issue of the 16th instant. It breathes a spirit of old-fashioned snobbery which I thought had become extinct in these days of competitive examination, when most army officers are drawn from the great middle class. Does "C. O." consider that the dignity of an impecunious subaltern is less likely to be sacrificed if he obtains, by suing *in forma pauperis* to the P. and O. Company, a favour denied to his brother in the bank or his cousin in the merchant's office, than if he put his conceit in his pocket and travels second-class like a man. "C. O." apparently overlooks the fact that by travelling to England and back by P. and O. and overland a passenger gets about three weeks longer at home than if he travels by another route, and this is an important matter in a case of three months' leave. I think that the dignity of a British subaltern is often a better thing for the Marwarees than for himself, so when he does show a glimmering of commonsense and a desire to economise, by all means let him be encouraged. Perhaps it would suit "C. O." if the P. and O. Company were to set apart a special corner of the ship for impecunious subs, where they might have all the advantages of second-class accommodation without the risk of contamination by contact with ordinary second-class passengers. I think the ordinary passengers would have no objection whatever to this arrangement.—Yours, &c.,

SECOND CLASS.

PERSIAN IN THE MATRICULATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In my opinion "R. B. P." and "X. X. X." do not seem to take a proper view of the matter they write about. Instead of finding fault with publishers of grammars which help students to scrape through examinations, they ought rather to find fault with examiners who allow students with a superficial knowled of Persian to get through. It is the selection of young and inexperienced examiners by the Syndicate which is the cause of the publication of such worthless books and pamphlets, of which these gentlemen so rightly complain. It is that which gives an impetus to the rash ignorance of unknown teachers and school-masters to aspire to a sort of authorship. Since these pretenders to the claims of authorship see, year after year, pupils getting through examinations by mugging a few technical words and phrases, they think they are perfectly justified in benefiting themselves by making a collection of such words and phrases, and thus also making themselves much talked of—at all events in the small world of students. As for the suggestion about new grammars, I beg to state that there are grammars and manuals enough at present, which, if students care to read them, will certainly do them a great deal of good, and that I do not see the necessity of a new grammar for matriculation students, although at the same time I must say a grammar written by Prof. Hairat would be a great acquisition to Persian scholars. To say that there are no good Persian grammars at all, only shows gross ignorance of a fact. But I suppose these gentlemen, "R. B. P." and "X. X. X.," are to blame rather for negligence than ignorance. In my humble opinion, then, sir, these gentlemen should rather ask for a reform in the system that seems to be adopted by the Syndicate (of appointing new and inexperienced examiners) than call upon the D. P. I. to put a stop to the publication of worthless books. The first course will necessarily bring about the second without any interference on the part of the D. P. I. In fine, sir, these gentlemen seem to have set themselves working at the wrong end.—Yours, &c.,

F.

THE MYSTERY OF THE BADGE AND CHAIN.

AN interesting and amusing little interlude occurred yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the Municipal Corporation while waiting on the votes being counted in the election of a new member of the Standing Committee.

Mr. M. N. Banaji moved the following motion in the absence of Major Selby, who had given notice of it "that, with reference to his letter, dated 11th instant, to the President, Dr. Blaney be informed that the Corporation will accept the badge and chain for the President." The subject, he said, was referred by the Corporation to the Standing Committee, the Corporation desiring that they should have a badge and chain for their President ("No, no.") The subject had been discussed by the Committee and designs had been submitted for a chain of office estimated to cost from six to eight lakhs of rupees. The committee regretted at the same time they had no power to expend money for that purpose. An anonymous donor had, however, come forward with an offer of a chain and badge.

Dr. Balchandra without any remark seconded the motion.

A pause then occurred, no one desiring to speak on the subject.

The President said the notice of motion was in an unusual form, to which it would perhaps be as well to call the attention of the Corporation before proceeding with the discussion. Major Selby asked the Corporation "with reference to a letter of his addressed to the President, Dr. Blaney should be informed that the Corporation would accept the badge and chain." This information was not to be given to the President, or to the Standing Committee, or to the Municipal Commissioner, but to a member of the Corporation, who happened to be Dr. Blaney. The Corporation was asked to accept a badge and chain, not for itself or for the city, but for the President. He (the President) had not been consulted in the matter. He did not wish to dispose of the motion on a point of form, but there seemed to him an informality, want of lucidity, and some confusion of ideas. It would, perhaps, be as well that the secretary should read the letter which Dr. Blaney had addressed to him, the President, and to which reference had been made in the notice of motion.

The Secretary (Mr. Barrow) read the following letter :—

Bombay, 11th May 1889.—To the President, Municipal Corporation.—Sir,—With reference to the resolution of the Municipal Corporation, No. 4578, dated 4th October 1888, I have the honor to intimate that a fund has been entrusted to me for the purpose of providing a badge and chain for the President of the Corporation. I beg, therefore, that you will bring the subject to the notice of the Corporation and ascertain if they will accept the badge and chain if I procure it.—I have, &c., THOMAS BLANEY.

Dr. Blaney said if he had done anything out of order he begged to apologize.

The President remarked that he did not say the motion was out of order.

The Hon. Mr. Sayani said that although his opinion was well known on the matter, that the President may do without a badge; so far as this proposition was concerned, he saw nothing wrong. If a public-spirited citizen wished to offer something which would decorate the President of the Corporation, he ought to be thanked for his offer. (Hear, hear, and laughter.)

The President said that while the matter had reference to himself, it would perhaps be as well he should say a few words as to how the proposal presented itself to him. He was decidedly of the opinion to which the Honourable Mr. Sayani had given expression, that it was generally a bad symptom when it was found necessary to stimulate public spirit by ornamental trappings. There was some idea of conferring on him some additional dignity; but he was quite content with that which had already been conferred upon him by the all but the unanimous vote of that Corporation. He could dispense with chain and badge, which none of his predecessors possessed or desired. Captain Henry, whose bust was prominent in that chamber, General Hancock, Mr. Currie, the late Rao Saheb Mandlik,—whose death they all deplored,—the Honourable Mr. Mehta, the Honourable Mr. Sayani had none of them required badges or chains to support the dignity of their offices. It was true that in England mayors had not only badges and chains, but robes of office, but these externals of civic dignity came down to them from mediæval times, when all classes of the community were clothed on State occasions with the insignia of office, that they might take part in processions and pageants for which great cathedrals and large market-places, the surviving buildings of which were amongst the architectural beauties of European cities, were specially adapted. But here in Bombay their municipal institutions were modern creations. He was a President and not a Mayor. There were Presidents in America and in France, and there was a President at the Council of the Bombay Presidency, but none of them found it necessary to their dignity to carry badges or chains. He confessed he was astonished,as the Corporation generally was,that one of their colleagues, whose modesty did not conceal his identity, had proposed that the President of that Corporation should be decorated with a necklace and a brooch. (Laughter.) Time disclosed all secrets, and now they had found a silver key to the mystery, how it entered into the head of that man, who of all others—who when entering that chamber divested himself of every adventitious aid, and threw his epaulettes for the time being behind the door—to make this singular proposal. Something had obviously occurred which had suggested to him, by the association of ideas, the notion of handing him (the President) a necklace and a brooch, and asking him to wear them to add to his happiness. (Renewed laughter.) They would all perhaps remember that when Mr. Mark Twain was offered a peerage he declined it saying, "Give it to the poor." In precisely the same spirit he hoped the Corporation would say to this anonymous benefactor, "Do not throw your jewellery away upon your President, but give it to a bridesmaid." (Great laughter.) He therefore begged to propose as an amendment, "that the thanks of the Corporation be given to the gentleman who has offered through Dr. Blaney a badge and chain for the President, and that the offer be respectfully declined." (Applause.)

Mr. G. Cotton in seconding the amendment observed that he did not think that the dignity of the chair could be enhanced one bit by the proposed badge and chain. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Dinshaw Watcha supported the amendment.

Mr. Roughton observed that they did not want a badge and chain for the President in this country. In the High Court justice was administered by the judges without the wigs worn by the judges in England. The resolution did not say that the President should wear the badge and chain. The President might decline to wear the badge and chain as was hinted at by Mr. Geary himself. So far as they knew, the persons who were the badges and chains, were either convicts in prisons or boys and girls who were running about the streets and who had nothing else to do. (Laughter, and hear, hear.)

On a division the amendment was carried by sixteen votes to ten.

WEDDING AT MALABAR HILL.

CAPTAIN ARTHUR LESLIE, of the Bombay Volunteer Artillery, and partner in the firm of Sir Charles Forbes and Co., and Miss Grace Emily Cotton, only daughter of Mr. George Cotton, of the firm of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Co., were married at All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill, on Wednesday afternoon in the presence of a numerous gathering of friends. The church was tastefully decorated with ferns, evergreens, and lilies. The Rev. A. Goldwyer Lewis, Senior Presidency Chaplain, officiated. Mr. P. B. Saville, of the firm of Sir Charles Forbes and Co., was best man and Miss Preston bridesmaid. The bride wore a costume of cream pongee silk, relieved with a simple lace insertion, and her bridesmaid, a pink muslin dress, trimmed with a Liberty green sash and buttons, her hat being trimmed with wild roses. Both the dresses were made by Miss Watson. At the conclusion of the ceremony at the altar, the bride and bridegroom having signed the register, drove to Mr. Cotton's residence at Breach Candy, where the health of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie was pledged, and Mr. Leslie having replied to the toast, proposed the health of Miss Preston. Mr. Saville, the best man, having acknowledged the compliment on behalf of the bridesmaid, the guests proceeded to inspect the wedding presents, among which were a cheque for Rs. 10,000 from the bride's father and a silver salver presented by the officers and members of the Bombay Volunteer Artillery Corps. Prior to the departure of the happy couple for Igatpuri, the band of the Gloucestershire Regiment played a selection of music in the grounds of the bungalow.

STRANGE CASE OF ALLEGED BRIBERY.

A REMARKABLE case is being heard in the criminal courts of North Malabar district. Mr. Manekjee Dosabhoy, jailer of the Cannanore Jail, has been charged with receiving illegal gratification under the Indian Penal Code under the following circumstances as disclosed in the evidence before the trying Magistrate of Tellicherry. The accused (with whom were charged three others, being warders and clerks under him) was the jailer of the Cannanore Central Jail, in which capacity he had served for nearly twenty years with ability, and on one occasion, when there was a mutiny, behaved with conspicuous gallantry and saved the lives of his superior officers at the imminent risk of his own, his testimonials being pre-eminently satisfactory. A convict named Movanjerry Avoola Haji was sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment in the jail and to a fine, and in default to a further term of one year. This was about eight years ago. A few months ago some preliminary enquiry was made, and a charge framed against the accused on the information of the convict. He alleged that during his incarceration the Parsi jailer demanded some money of him through the other accused persons, on the understanding that he would be placed on work lighter than the jail discipline allowed. It further appeared that he got some friend to write to his brother, who lived at a distant village, to come down with some money to Cannanore. By this time he had served out nearly four years of his term, and that in order to pass the remainder of his sentence under comparative ease he paid Rs. 150 under very peculiar circumstances. He said one day he was taken to the jailer's office in his bungalow, situated opposite the jail, and Rs. 100 were placed on a table. As this sum was deemed insufficient, Rs. 50 more were added, making Rs. 150. In corroboration of the convict's evidence, the statement of four other witnesses was recorded, but the counsel for the defence finding so many improbabilities in the case, declined to cross-examine any of them, and insisted on the Magistrate committing it for trial at the ensuing sessions, which will assemble on the 13th June next. The accused were accordingly committed, but were liberated on bail in the sum of Rs. 2,500 each.

A LIQUOR SELLER'S DISPUTE.

YESTERDAY at the Small Cause Court; before Mr. Hormusjee Dadabhoy, Acting Fourth Judge, Cooverbai a Parsee widow, sought to recover the sum of Rs. 396-14-3 from Thookaram Yessoo, being the balance of charges for liquor sold by the plaintiff's husband to the defendant during his lifetime. Mr. Ardaseer Bazonjee, Vakeel, High Court, appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Atmaram Juggonath represented the defendant. This case came on for confirmation of the report made by the Commissioner, Mr. Bapoojee Dinanath. The defence set up was that the payment of the amount sued for was due to plaintiff's deceased husband. It appeared that prior to the appraising of the account with the defendant, the plaintiff's husband had an account of liquor supplied to one Abajee, also a liquor-seller, and the defendant contended that the payment made by him for supply of liquor were wrongly credited by the plaintiff's husband to Abajee's account, while the payments should be credited to his account.

From the evidence given by the plaintiff's manager, it appeared that such was the fact, but that such payments were entered in Abajee's account in pursuance of an arrangement made between the defendant and the plaintiff's husband, who consented to continue the supplies of liquor to the defendant on his consenting to such arrangement, and that the defendant was furnished by the plaintiff's deceased husband with a *samaduskut* account which, if produced, the plaintiff stated, would bear out her case. The defendant, however, did not produce the account, alleging it was returned to the plaintiff's husband. At the hearing of the case before Mr. John Warden, the then Second Judge of the Court, the suit was referred to the Special Commissioner, Mr. Bapoojee Dinanath, to take an account of the dealings between the parties. The Commissioner, after enquiring into the matter, made his report and submitted it to the Court, awarding to the plaintiff the amount claimed. Against this report the defendant filed exceptions, and the matter came on before his Honour for confirmation of the report.

His Honour, in delivering judgment, recapitulated the above facts, remarking that the non-production of the *samaduskut* account was very suspicious and that although the plaintiff's husband was alive four months after the discontinuance of the defendant's supplies, the defendant took no steps to regain possession of the books from him, or to recover the sum by which, according to his statement, the account was overpaid. Considering the positions of the respective parties his Honour could not believe that any such overpayment was made. His Honour, under the circumstances, confirmed the Commissioner's report, and passed judgment for the amount awarded therein, with Rs. 15 as professional costs of the plaintiff, and Rs. 15 as costs of the commission.

Mr. Nusserwanjee, pleader for the defendant, applied to Mr. W. E. Hart, the Chief Judge, for an extension of time to move the full Court against the decree passed by the learned Fourth Judge.

The Chief Judge granted an extension as applied for.

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT AND THE IRISH VICEROYALTY.

THE *Madras Mail* writes as follows on an interesting subject, to which we referred yesterday :—

Mr. W. H. Smith made an ambiguous answer to the question that was put to him in the House of Commons last night, as to whether Her Majesty's Government proposes to appoint a member of the Royal Family to the Viceroyalty of Ireland, which the Marquis of Londonderry is resigning. It would have been easy for him to have said at once that there was no idea of advising Her Majesty to appoint a member of her family to the office, but he stated that the matter was being carefully examined. Should it be decided to make this suggestion to the Queen, and should she approve of it, her choice would most probably fall on the Duke of Connaught, the Commander-in Chief of the Bombay Army. The Prince of Wales is also Earl of Dublin, and the Duke of Edinburgh is also Earl of Ulster; but the Queen reserved a distinctively Irish title—that of Connaught and Strathearn—for her third son, and made him also Earl of Sussex. So if her eldest son may be said to represent the Principality of Wales, her second son represents the Kingdom of Scotland, and her third son the Kingdom of Ireland. There would be an appropriateness, therefore, in summoning the Duke of Connaught from India to assume a position in Ireland for which he has special qualification. He has put in nearly six years' service in India—first three years in command of a division in Bengal, and then for nearly three years in command of the Bombay Army. All accounts agree in saying that he has made many friends, but not an enemy, and that he has sustained the dignity of his station without neglecting his duties as a member of the official society of India. A Prince who has passed without reproach through the fiery ordeal of Anglo-Indian Pedlingtons, must possess in a marked degree the happy knack of conciliating prejudice. There is no more warm-hearted people than the Irish, and it is not a little because they feel that they have been neglected that the normal attitude of their mind towards the Sovereign is one of passive indifference. A castle at Killarney corresponding to the castle at Balmoral, and used every other year, for the last thirty years or so, as the summer residence of the Court of the United Kingdom, would probably have done more to defeat the pretensions of "uncrowned kings," than all the measures taken by Parliament to coerce Erin into good behaviour. It has always been supposed that the Prince Consort was primarily responsible for the great mistake of the present reign. He hated London, and he loved Scotland, with the results that the Court was rarely established in the Metropolis, and was too much established in the Highlands. Scenes dear to himself during his short life, became sacred to her who has mourned him so long; and scenes that he did not care for have not become more agreeable. It is the nature of man to err. The Prince Consort erred, and the political and social history of Ireland would in all probability have been different to what it has been of late years had he not yielded to an unfortunate prejudice. The Duke of Connaught is more of a cosmopolitan than his father was enabled to become, and he has had opportunities of taking broad views of men and things. Ireland does not want to be coddled, but she does feel the want of sympathy; and the presence of a genial connecting link between herself and the Throne might reconcile her to the now unwelcome idea that "Union" is strength.

MR. BARON HUDDLESTON, who has been absent from the bench for some days past, is suffering from a complication of ailments, for which he has been treated by Sir Henry Thompson.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL COPORATION.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held in the Municipal Offices yesterday afternoon. Mr. Grattan Geary, the President, occupied the chair, and the others present were :—Messrs. J. S. Alston, Surgeon-Major J. Arnott, Bhagwandas Narotumdas, Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Thomas Blaney, H. C. Burder, E. B. Carroll, G. Cotton, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Damodar Tapidas, Damodar Thakersi Mulji, Dinshaw Edulji Wacha, Fazulbhai Jumabhai Lalji, Fazulbhoy Visram, J. F. Fernandez, Framji Dorabji Divecha, A. M. Gubbay, Hasambhai Visram, Hurkissondas Narrothumdas, Jagmohandas Vandrawandas, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart, Jamsetjee Pallonjee Kapadia, Jaya Karadi Linga, Jiwanji Jamsedji Modi, Kaikhusro Nowroji Kabraji, K. M. Shroff, H. R. King, Rai Bahadur Luchmon Singh, Manekji Behramji Dadabhai, Meherjibhai Rustamji Setna, Mirza Hussein Khan, Khan Bahadur Muncherjee Cowasjee Murzban, Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Nanabhoy B. Jejeebhoy, Naoroji Beiramji Santook, Narotamdas Govardhandas, Purshotumdas Munguldas Nathubhoy, Raghunath Narayan Khote, Rahimtula Khairaz, the Hon'ble Rahimtula Mohamed Sayani, Rastamji Nasarvanji Khory, G. W. Roughton, Shivaji Dharmaji, Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nathubhoy, E. F. Underwood, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, and Accacio Gabriel Viegas.

ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF STANDING COMMITTEE.

The President at the outset called upon the Corporation to proceed to the election of a member of the Standing Committee to fill the place vacated by Sir Henry Morland.

Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., proposed Dr. Arnot as a fit and proper person for appointment to the Standing Committee. Although there were two candidates, he did not think it necessary to trouble them with more than two or three words in support of his proposition, for Dr. Arnott was well-known to all of them as a useful and valuable member of the Corporation, and as one who had the best interests of the city at heart. He had had many years' experience of their Municipal institutions and his long residence and his extended practice as a leading medical man in Bombay eminently qualified Dr. Arnott to take a leading part in the work of the Standing Committee more especially in reference to sanitation and the consideration and execution of those important works of drainage, water-supply, and other measures of the kind which must, at any rate for many years to come, always occupy so large a share of the time and attention of the Municipality. For these reasons he had confidence in moving that Dr. Arnott be elected, because, if he were so returned, he had no doubt he would prove himself in every way worthy of their choice and of the confidence reposed in him.

The President seconded the nomination of Dr. Arnott.

Dr. Blaney begged to propose that Major Selby be elected a member of the Standing Committee. Good wine, he said, required no bush.

Mr. K. M. Shroff seconded, and the meeting proceeded to vote.

The result was declared as follows :—For Major Selby 26 votes, for Dr. Arnott, 20.

The President declared Major Selby member of the Committee in room of Sir Henry Morland.

PROPOSED NEW STREET.

Mr. K. N. Kabraji proposed "That, as recommended by the Commissioner and the Standing Committee, sanction be given, under section 296 of the Municipal Act III. of 1888, to the aquisition of the whole of the premises admeasuring 45·70 square yards or thereabouts, situate between Eduljee Street and Hamal Street, Colaba, the property of Mr. Jamasji Ruttonji Mistri, required for the opening of the Edulji Street into Hamal Street. That in the event of the owner declining to sell at a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,000, the Commissioner be authorized to proceed under the Land Acquisition Act for the acquisition of the property." In support of his proposal, he said it was a very desirable improvement which would be completed at a very trifling cost. It was also, in opening up the streets, a necessary sanitary measure, for he had been quite disgusted with the filthy condition of the locality.

Dr. Cowasjee in seconding said he was always ready to support any measure that would tend to the opening up the crowded streets in the native town.

The motion was carried unanimously.

The Corporation afterwards adjourned.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Peninsular, Captain H. W. Wyatt, will sail to-day for London, with the Europe mails and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Mrs Fletcher and child
Mr J Davis
Major and Mrs Martin
Mrs Lang and 3 children
Mrs Gray and infant
Mr and Mrs Bateson
Mr S Jacoo
Mr Rushton
Mr Conry
Mr J Saville
Surg-Maj and Mrs Swaine and 3 children
Dr J F Tonhy
Surg-Maj Adams
Mrs Ollivant
Miss Edies and child
Mr F A Owen
Master Adrian Hope
Mr A W Campbell
Mr and Mrs J Elliott and child
Mrs Cary and child
Mr F T Millard
Mrs Millard and child
Col G T Skipwith
Mrs Skall and child
Mrs Duthy and child
Mr Navaronji Maneckji
Mr and Mrs J Englebright
Mr B Mosbey.
Mr K M Bhat
Mr T O Wilkinson
Mr Cottara and family
Mr J H Kothari
Mr Salinger
Mr MacGregor
Surg-Maj Patterson
Mr H W Geiger
Mr W B Bestie
Dr Kidd and son
Mr Clegg
Mr and Mrs W D McKewan and family
Mrs Skipwith and infant
Mr Stanley Clarke
Mr Evan Jones and son
Mr M J Rembans
Capt and Mrs Jackson
Miss Nisbet
Mr Smyth
Mr K K Murzban
Mr Prescott Decie
Mrs Hederstedt and infant
Mr Sundden
Mr J K Bell
Mr J P Westcott
Mr Henry Rattigan
Mr R G Young
Capt Amedroz.

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr R D Robson
Mr R Sedgwick
Mr H M Owen
Col J E Crawley
Mr Salmond and son
General Sir C Gough
Mr H W Warden
Mr J McGilvray
Mr W Bull
Dr Cunningham
Mr Gildea
Mr and Mrs E Bedford
Lieut-Col E T Ebden
Lieut L R Arthur
Mr F Henvey
Mr James Moore
Col Ewart
Mr Ewart
Miss Ogilvie
Mr and Mrs E Spinner
Surg-Maj B Doyle
Mr H Heatley
Mr Wm Smith
Dy Surg-Genl Farrell
Mrs Green
Mr J J Barrett
Maj and Mrs Jarrett
Brig-Genl Cox
Mr R F Brereton
Mr Walsh
Mr Powell
Mr Stretton
Mr D P Masson
Mr Hervey
Mr J Shard
Col Cochrane
Mr P E Dixon

FOR ISMAILIA.

Mrs John F Miller
Mrs Richardson Clover
Dr G Burdell
Mr J Burdell

FOR SUEZ.—Mr C E Frost.

FOR ADEN.—Mr Edward Lincraft.

The following passages are engaged :—

Per s.s. Assam, Capt E W F Browne, 21st May, 1889.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr J A Bulkley, Capt V A Fowler, Mr Rich, and Mr and Mrs Morse.

FOR MARSEILLES.—Mr C H Armstrong, Mr MacMahon, Col Jackson, Mr H T Davies, Mr R A Oldham, Mr R H Baker, and Capt F Cole.

FOR LONDON—Mr W Cooper.

FOR ISMAILIA—Mr W

Per s.s. Clyde, Capt J L Parfitt, 28th May, 1889.

FOR LONDON.—Mr and Mrs Fletcher and infant, Mr and Mrs Shilstone, and two children, Mr H B Knowlys and Mr Parkaschenna and son.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr S Tomlinson, Mr T Bernard Hall, Col H M Evans, Mr S Sinha, Mr G A Witt, Mr V Phillips, Mr Halliday, Mr Packup, Mr W A Thurman, and Mr James Dickson.

MILITARY NEWS.

MAJOR LECKIE, S.C., and Lieut. Baddeley, R.E., have been permitted to return to duty.

MAJOR O'M. CREAGH, V.C., S.C., has been granted four months' leave.

MAJOR GARDINER, R.E., has been appointed Honorary Major of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers, and Captain F. G. Lynde, of the same corps, to be Major.

THE services of Lieut. J. G. Westropp, 14th Bombay Infantry, have been placed at the disporal of the Government of India in the Political Department.

BRIGADE-SURGEON COOK, M.D., I. M. S., has been appointed Deputy Surgeon-General temporarily during the time that Deputy Surgeon-General Cates act as Surgeon-General.

LIEUT R. F. M. JOHNSTONE and G. W. Mitchell, having completed four years' service with the Staff Corps, have been promoted to the rank of captain.

CAPTAIN E. F. MARRIOTT, S.C., has been granted four months' leave on medical certificate; Major H. R. D. Thomas, S.C., four months, on medical certificate; and Lieutenant C. A. Kemball, S.C., three months, on medical certificate.

THE Chinese Government has directed payment in full of the claims put forward by the British Government on behalf of several British subjects for damages arising out of the late ryot at Chinkiang.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

A MEETING of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon in the Municipal office. In the absence of Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, Dr. Blaney presided, and the others present were :—Messrs. E. H. Carroll, K. N. Kabraji, K. M. Shroff, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Fazulbhoy Visram, and M. N. Banaji.

HOT SEASON WATER-SUPPLY.

The first business of importance was the consideration of a memorandum, No. 2572, dated 7th instant, from the Commissioner, forwarding report from the Deputy Executive Engineer, in charge Water Works, on the state of water-supply during the present hot season.

The chairman read the report as follows :—In continuation of this office No. 4010 of the 8th November last I have the honour to state that it has been found necessary from the 13th instant to cease filtration at the Vehar filters on account of want of head between the filters and the lake. The north of the island is now consequently supplied with unfiltrated water in consequence of the low level of the Vehar Lake, the delivery into Bhanderwada is materially reduced, and it is found necessary to curtail the supply to the districts supplied from Bhanderwade by about one hour per day. This will be felt most severely in the higher localities, such as Matharpakhadi. The direct delivery into the city through the Vehar 32-inch main is also reduced, and the higher premises are now partially reduced by one floor. This is felt in the native city, i.e., the western part of B ward and the whole of C ward, and the southern part of E ward. The Tulsi supply is more satisfactory than usual both as to quality and quantity, and I do not anticipate an increase of complaints from the Tulsi District. At the time of writing the storage of water in the city is at its practical maximum (except the settling basin, Malabar Hill, which was emptied some months ago in anticipation of repairs, and which I do not recommend should be refilled until the repairs are executed). I have carefully considered whether any alleviation of inconvenience could be affected by changing in any respect the method of supply, and I have come to the conclusion that, taken as a whole, the present arrangements cannot be improved, although I regret to say that there must be considerable inconvenience in many places. It must be remembered, however, that the Vehar Lake has not previously been so low since the Bhanderwada Reservoir was completed and that in the meantime the demand has increased very materially.

The report was recor

make a high level (private) road or jetty at right angles to and leading off from the north side of the Bellasis Bridge to the west side of the B. B. and C. I. Railway, and to the east side of the open main drain. Thus the carts will not have any worse mount than at present; and to free the bridge approaches from the present obstruction, as well as to give the carts a more direct route, I propose that a new approach be made at right angles of the bridge on the south side, and on the east of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, to which the carts will obtain access by the public passage or *cul de sac* which runs from the junction of Falkland and Gilder streets to the railway boundary. Thus they will only have to cross the bridge from south to north, instead of as now making use of the whole length of the approaches. I attach a tracing indicating the line which I have in mind.

8. Of course, this can only be a mere sketch of my ideas on this subject. They are liable to modifications upon an expression of your views, and upon my obtaining the detailed information, which is necessary before any well-defined scheme can be formulated. As Mr. White, who is now engaged in the Tansa work, has had considerable experience in railway construction, and is now superintending the Tansa pipe tram-line, I propose to ask him to undertake as a special duty during the rains the preparation of detailed estimates for giving effect to this scheme, and I hope then to be in a practical position for asking the Corporation to deal with this important question.

(Signed) E. C. K. OLLIVANT.

Note.—It must be remembered that the whole of the northern portion of the island, even those parts where buildings are fast increasing, such as the neighbourhood of Fergusson Road, Parel and Dadar, is absolutely devoid of sewers. It will be necessary to provide a system of sewers running from north to south to the present outfall, which already stands half condemned, or to send the main sewer northward, and, if northward, I know of no point of discharge likely to be satisfactory short of Chimbur.

It was then resolved to print and circulate the letter amongst the members of the Committee for their consideration.

FULL-TIME CLERK OF WORKS.

The Committee had up for consideration a memorandum from the Commissioner, forwarding, with reference to the Standing Committee's Resolution, dated 8th instant, correspondence relative to the terms on which the full-time services of Rao Saheb Sitaram Khanderao can be obtained as clerk of the works for the new Municipal Office building.

It was agreed that the original proposition should be adhered to.

The meeting then adjourned.

SURAT FIRE RELIEF FUND.

THE following subscriptions were received into the Bank of Bombay yesterday on account of the above fund :—

	Rs.
Mr. Haji Abba Haji Esmail Jaitha	151
Mr. Vusunjee Morarji	100
Employes, Jamsed Manufacturing Co., Ld. ...	85
Mr. Sorabjee Framjee Patel	1,000
Mr. N. B. Mody's sons from the Charity Fund of Mr. N. B. Mody	150
Bai Cursetbai Eduljee Currani, widow of do.	100
Bai Buchoobai Nusserwanji Mody, do.	25
Bai DinbaiNusserwanji Mody do.	25
Bai Baiaio Mancherjee Mody do.	25
Messrs. Gordhundas Khuttao and Muiraj Khuttao.....	750
Mr. Namchund Khimchund	151
Total .....Rs.	2,562
Amount previously acknowledged Rs.	1,02,243 2
Grand Total.....Rs.	1,04,805 2

THE following is a fresh list of further subscriptions :—

	Rs.
The Maharanee Surnomoyee, C.I.	500
Messrs. Macneill and Co.	200
Messrs. Turner Morrison and Co.	200
Raja Peary Mohun Mookerjee, C.S.I.	100
Messrs. Mackenzie Lyall and Co.	100
Messrs. Apear and Co.	100
Messrs. Kettlewell Bullen and Co.	100
His Grace Archbishop Goethals	100
Messrs. E. D. I. Ezra and Co.	100
Messrs. Schroder Smith and Co.	100
Baboo Homchunder Gossain	50
Kumar Nilkristna	50
The *Statesman*	50
W. C. Bonnerjee, Esq.	50
The *Indian Daily News*	50
The Hon'ble Sir Henry Harrison, Kt.	50
Baboo Chundilall Sinha	50
S. E. J. Clarke, Esq.	50
Messrs. John King and Co.	50
"L. B."	50
J. Ware Edgar, Esq., C.S.I.	50
R. J. Repton, Esq.	32
Hon'ble Prince Furrokshah	25
Baboo Sitanath Roy	25
Baboo Kanyelall Khan	25
Muncherjee Manockjee, Esq	25
Baboo Kallynath Mitter	20
Messrs. F. Petite and Co.	20
Messrs. A. Frank and Co.	20
Sorabjee Dorabjee Majoo, Esq.	20
J. Ghosal, Esq.	20
Cowasjee Eduljee Patel, Esq.	15
Baboo Shamlall Mullik	10
Kumar Dundro Narayen Roy	16
A friend per J. Ghosal, Esq.	10
Sums under 10 rupees	27
Total.....Rs.	2,460
Amount previously announced.....	8,679
Total Rs.	1,113-9
Amount remitted to Bombay...Rs.	9,000

Further subscriptions are earnestly solicited.

H. M. RUSTOMJI,
R. K. SARVADHIKARI,
Honorary Secretaries.

AN AFGHAN ADVENTURER.

SARDAR NUR MAHOMED KHAN, son of Sardar Wali Mahomed Khan, Barakzai, according to the *Pioneer*, is still at large across the North-West border. Some account of his adventures since he fled some years ago from the city of Peshawar and took refuge in Orakzai Tirah, amongst the Mammozai tribe, may be interesting. On his arrival in Tirah, he commenced enlisting men and presenting *lungis* to the chief men of that quarter. A short time after this, in order to strengthen his own position, he arranged to marry the daughter of Mulla Samand Khan, one of the sons of the famous Mulla of Sapri (now dead), and promised to give in exchange a sister of his to Mulla Samand. When this information reached the ears of the Mulla of Sapri he warned his son that the procedure he was carrying out was contrary to sound reason, and the betrothal and marriage arrangements were set aside between the Sardar and Mulla Samand.

Sardar Nur Mahomed Khan's object in proceeding to Tirah and in enlisting men in his service was to cause annoyance and trouble to the Amir Abdur Rahman Khan by employing these men in some quarter of Afghanistan close to Tirah. He later on left the Mammozai-Orakzai country, and took up his position about Nangas-Darrah, amongst the Adi Khel Shinwaris, and, assisted by Mulla Secunder, he married the daughter of a Mian of that quarter, and again recommenced enlisting fresh men into his service and giving presents to certain selected elders. Some of the former received eight annas per diem, whilst others got even as much as one and two rupees: but these were men of influence. This procedure gradually led to jealousy between the recipients: those that received the lesser sum rose up against those who were more favoured and got the larger allowances, and looked upon the Sardar as their enemy. One day they fired on Nur Mahomed Khan, but he was fortunate enough to escape. Again they broke into his house and stole his arms and ammunition. After several attempts of these sorts on the part of the Shinwaris the Sardar, afraid of his life and his property, left their country and fled to the Ismailzi section of the Akhel Orakzai and took shelter with them. There he remained for some time. At last his conduct turned the tribesmen against him, and one night they broke into his house and carried off every rifle that he had left. He escaped death with considerable difficulty. He then fled from the Akhel and took refuge amongst the Mishti Orakzais at a place called Khankarpar. The Shinwaris have again sent a *jirga* to him inviting the Sardar back into their country. A similar *jirga* has come from the Wazirs making him the same offer; but want of money prevents his accepting either.

The Sardar since he left Peshawar is said to have spent some Rs. 70,000 in Tirah, Khost, and in the Shinwari country. Now all supplies have ceased, and in spite of his brief successes, his condition is worse than when he first vacated British territory.

SURGEON P. D. C. BARRY has been appointed Chemical Analyser to Government during the absence of Brigade Surgeon Lyon.

ENGLISH AND GERMAN RELATIONS IN EAST AFRICA.

THE Berlin correspondent sends to the *Manchester Guardian* a translation of a letter published there containing an account, written at Zanzibar in the middle of March, of the relations between England and Germany at the various points where the two Powers come into contact. It is here :—

On the 12th of March the British India Company's steamer Mecca, with one hundred Somalis on board intended for Dr. Peters' Emin expedition, cast anchor before the bar of Lamu. A boat immediately approached her from the English gunboat lying in the roads. After the English officer in command of this boat had had a short conversation with the captain of the Mecca, the latter declared that he had received orders to sail immediately for Zanzibar without touching at Lamu or Mombaz. Lieutenant-Captain Rust, who had been commissioned by Dr. Peters to enlist the Somalis, reminded the captain that by their contract with him the British India Company had promised to land the Somalis at Lamu, and he therefore asked permission to go ashore with his Somalis on one of the dhows which were to be seen near the Mecca. After another consultation with the English officer the permission was refused. The Captain of the Mecca handed over to the English officers a number of letters, but all the German mail bags which were addressed to Mr. Kurt Toppen, the representative of the German Vitu Company, remained on board. On the evening of the 13th of March, when the Mecca arrived off Zanzibar, the captain was informed that the Sultan would not allow the disembarkation of the Somalis in Zanzibar, on account of the great excitement among the Mussulman population. Consequently, the next day the Somalis embarked on the Sultan's steamer Baraoa for Bagamoyo, in charge of Lieutenant von Tiedemann and Mr. Fricke, and landed there on the 15th of March. Lieutenant-Captain Rust in the meanwhile remained at Zanzibar, where the British India Company spread the unfounded report that the prohibition against landing at Lamu was due to an order of the Sultan of Zanzibar. The English Consul-General, Mr. Smith, assured me he knew nothing about the matter, which was most probably the result of some misunderstanding.

A PERPETUAL-BLOCKADE.

But it is a fact that an English gunboat keeps up a perpetual blockade of the coast of Vitu. The establishment of a German post office at Lamu causes great offence to the English, and they have lately tried to interrupt communication with Vitu by not permitting the British India steamers to call there. The English Vice-Consul at Lamu, who introduced himself there as a butterfly collector, and who afterwards turned out to be an English official, used to take out of the German mail-bags the letters for English subjects before handing over the bags to the German Post-office. On the whole, affairs in Vituland seem to be in a threatening condition, although no actual disturbances have as yet broken out. The brothers Deinhardt have, now as ever, the greatest influence over the Sultan Fuma Bakari. The representative of the German Vitu Company, Mr. Kurt Toppen, seems to be quarrelling with Herr von Baltzingslowen, the representative of the German Planters' Company, who has the reputation of being an expert on questions connected with tropical agriculture. Though reporting these petty quarrels, I should like to warn you against attaching too much importance to them. Officially England goes hand in hand with Germany, and carries out with a loyalty which cannot be too highly appreciated all existing arrangements between herself and Germany. It would be unwise therefore to magnify into great political grievances the arbitrary acts of some few English officials, troublesome as these may be at times. With respect to the abovementioned Somalis, a second difficulty arose when Admiral Deinhardt had to decide whether they were to be provided with arms in Bagamoyo or not. This question is at present not yet settled. The English Consul-General informed me that his Government neither wished nor claimed a right to bring Lamu into the sphere of English influence, but that by an agreement with the Sultan of Zanzibar, England had acquired a prerogative right over Lamu. This, however, is disputed by those Germans who are familiar with Vituland and Lamu. They say that the German Vitu Company, too, has rights over Lamu. With regard to Mombassa and the English sphere of interest, I was told that the excitement there is very great, and that the English had up to now only prevented an outbreak by abundant presents and public works which are bringing much money into the country. For the present the English aim at nothing more than ensuring a cheerful acquiescence in their presence. All the rest will come of itself.

NOT QUITE SO SERIOUS.

The most agreeable thing that I heard when I arrived in East Africa was that the situation there is not quite so serious as is supposed in Germany, and that the outlook has during the past few weeks considerably improved. It does not seem unlikely that the notorious Bushiri will, as soon as he has felt our power and clemency, some day become one of our most faithful adherents. He is anything but a fanatic, and, to judge from what the French as well as the liberated German missionaries have told me, the character of this man possesses many traits which can only be looked upon as honourable. Bushiri is related to Tippoo Tib, and also to the Sultan, with whom he is on bad terms. He was before the rising a dealer in wares in Pangani, and is now commander of the troops before Bagamoyo. He is a grey-haired man of 60, who has more Suaheli than Arab blood in his veins. The leader of the rebels before Dar-es-Salaam is a pure Arab, named Selemani, and said to be a much greater fanatic. The missionaries during their two months' imprisonment were ill-treated by the common people only, and especially by the negroes under Arab influence. The better class of Arabs, however, always protected them, and Bushiri shook hands daily with them.

QUIETER.

Whilst in German East Africa, on the continent, affairs seems to be becoming quieter, in Zanzibar itself, whither a great number of irregulars, the so-called fleas, have recently come from Muskat, a certain amount of excitement prevails which would not have any evil consequences if necessary precautions were taken. Although the heat is very great now just before the commencement of the rainy season, yet in the last few weeks illness has greatly decreased. With regard to the Wissmann expedition, I learn that in Dar-es-Salaam barracks are being built by different officers, whilst in Zanzibar Captain Wissmann's commercial representative Herr Wolf receives the wares and arms which arrive, and prepares everything else. In consequence of the disturbances and the blockade, trade is very slack, but for all that about 20,000 pounds of ivory reach Zanzibar every month, and mostly from Saadani and Pangani. That the whole Arab population of Zanzibar up to the highest sympathise with the rebels is of course well understood. But as Zanzibar scarcely dares to act otherwise than as the European Powers dictate, it seems as if it was going hand in hand with them. Officially it is so; but in secret the people of Zanzibar think, feel, and act otherwise, for which we cannot blame them. The stranger is struck chiefly by the fact that on the coast the slaves willingly fight for their masters. The following speech of a Suaheli negro may serve as explanation: "The Germans," said he, "are generally rather excited, and require a pretty good deal of work. With the Arabs, who are very strict, but always quiet, we have enough to eat and very little work.

FACTS ABOUT THE GALLERY.

AN article by Mr. William Maxwell, a member of the parliamentary staff of the *Standard*, to appear in the May number of *Time*, will contain some interesting matter on parliamentary reporting. Of the various short-hand systems, among 94 "Gallery-men" 60 write Pitman's system, 12 Taylor's, 6 Gurney's, 3 Lewis's, 1 Gurney-Taylor's, 1 Lowe's, 1 Byron's, 1 Peachey's, 1 Everett's, 1 Melville-Bell's, 1 Mavor's, 1 Graham's (the American development of Pitman's), and 1 James's. The "Gallery" has now sixty-five seats, and standing room for 20 people; 73 newspapers and news agencies are represented, and 230 tickets are issued every session. The gallery has long been a recruiting ground for the bar, which many successes, like those of Lord Campbell, Sir Charles Russell, Sir Edward Clarke, 1 Baron Alderson, Mr. Pembroke Stevens, Mr. Beasley, Mr. Fred Clifford, Judge Powell, and Mr. Registrar Hazlitt are recorded for the encouragement of the "briefless." Others reach the higher walks of journalism and literature, where their names are added in Gallery gossip to those of Charles Dickens, Shirley Brooks, Thornton Hunt, Sheridan Knowles, Dr. W. Russell, Mr. David, Christie Murray, and many more "Old Gallery men." There is a popular tradition that the Gallery makes large contributions to the benches of the House of Commons. This impression is erroneous. There is perhaps no calling from which fewer men are sent as representatives of the people. In the present Parliament only four—Sir Charles Russell, Sir Edward Clarke, Mr. J. McCarthy and Mr. T. P. O'Connor—were known to the Gallery.

THE GOLDSMITHS' EXHIBITION.

THE Vienna Loan Exhibition of works of the Goldsmiths' Art, which was opened to the public on Easter Monday, and of which a privileged company was afforded a private view this afternoon, is probably the richest collection of the kind ever brought together, writes the Berlin correspondent of the *Times*. At all events, it far surpasses the Exhibition held some years ago in Pesth, which attracted experts and amateurs from the most distant countries. Even the place in which the present Exhibition is held will be of no small interest to most visitors. It is the celebrated Palace of Prince Schwarzenberg, and the particular salons devoted to the purpose, with their Gobelin tapestry, their mahogany panels, their artistic ceilings, their richly-carved doors, and other details, rival the finest apartments in the Imperial Palace of the Hofburg.

The Exhibition occupies five large rooms, and there this afternoon, the committee, headed by its indefatigable patroness, the popular Princess Pauline Metternich, to whom the success of the whole project is largely due, received their guests, including many members of the highest aristocracy of the Empire.

The exhibitors include the greatest families of Austria, in addition to some of those of Hungary and several of the richest convents and cathedrals in the country. One of the finest collections in the world, that of the Crown, is, however, not represented, but nearly all the Archdukes contribute exhibits from their private collections.

To glance at some of the chief objects in the Exhibition, I may refer first to the precious stones. In one of the glass cases there are about a dozen diadems, including one of emeralds and big diamonds, from the French Crown Jewels, belonging to Count Emanuel Andrassy. Among the necklaces is one belonging to Princess Metternich, with perhaps the biggest emeralds in existence. Close by is a coronet of exquisite workmanship, made of wonderfully pure diamonds, and belonging to the Duchess of Cumberland. Other *parures* of immense value are also to be seen, including the celebrated necklace, consisting of the largest opals in the world, some equal in size to small apples, and belonging to Princess Reuss, wife of the German Ambassador. The *piece de resistance* among the precious stones is, however, the "Cumberland Diamond," the property of the Duke of Cumberland, and described in recent works as amongst the great diamonds of the world. The value of the contents of this case is enormous, but, as far as artistic value is concerned, it is put into the shade by other far less showy and less dazzling *vitrines*.

One of the chief features of the collection is presented by the great silver and gold exhibits of the Houses of Cumberland, Nassau, and Esterhazy. The renowned Welfenschatz of the House of Hanover is represented by the largest pieces here to be seen, including big tables of solid silver, high chairs set in silver, and enormous mirrors with silver frames. Amongst the smaller specimens from the Welfenschatz I must mention the celebrated "Hildesheimer Lauben," three silver centre-pieces, with a large number of figures—a most exquisite sample of German art workmanship. The Lauben were originally presented by the town of Hildesheim to its Bishop, but subsequently came into the possession of the Guelphs. The only rivals to these pieces are the complete toilet services, in solid gold, belonging to the House of Nassau.

There is a case, belonging to the same house, for which only last week the sum of fifty thousand pounds was offered from England. It comprises two golden tankards, surmounted with Roman heads in relief, and having miniature portraits of German Emperors, encircled by big diamonds inside the lids of both tankards. There are several hundreds of other tankards and cups in the Exhibition of high artistic value.

Coming now to objects of historic interest, there is here to be seen the golden travelling *necessaire* of Napoleon the First, which, through Maria Louise, came into the possession of the present Countess Bombelles. Among the other objects connected with the first French Emperor, I may mention the numerous curious golden instruments for cleaning the teeth, and the ring of the Empress Josephine, with the cameo of Sulla, bearing the inscription "Felix," which Napoleon found near the ruins of Pelusium, in Egypt, on moving the sand with the point of his sword. This ring came into the possession of Count Brunetti, and still belongs to the Brunetti family. Besides what I have mentioned there are several classes of objects which I have had no opportunity of studying to-day, but which are full of artistic, personal, or historic interest. The Exhibition will be open till the 15th of June, and the proceeds will go to the poor of Vienna.

THE MIGRATION OF DISEASE.

A SPECIAL report on diarrhœa and diphtheria by Dr. Ballard and Dr. G. B. Longstaff has been issued by the Local Government Board. In presenting the report Dr. George Buchanan gives a summary of the results of recent investigations. He says Dr. Ballard has supplied a basis of fact in place of much that was speculative in our conceptions of so-called "summer diarrhœa," and from a store of statistical, clinical, and pathological data, that he has formulated a truer and more definite judgment respecting the disease, its nature and causes, than had before been attained. As to its nature, he indicates that it is no mere local malady of the intestines, showing itself by flux or inflammation; but that it is rather a general constitutional affection proper to be classed among the "acute specific diseases." His observations on the condition of the kidneys in "diarrhœa" are peculiarly worthy of study by medical practitioners—not only by those who have to treat the disease, but also by those who are concerned with the pathology and treatment of the organic diseases of later life. Dr. Ballard's researches go on to dispose of mere heat as a sufficient cause of the disease, and to modify in like manner many current notions about its relations with food and with water, assigning the while, to these and other external conditions—particularly to conditions of soil and atmosphere—more exact places than they had before held in the list of agencies through which a specific material can operate. Dr. Longstaff's essay sets forth, as the result of abundant and careful examination of mortality statistics, the facts as to the distribution of fatal diphtheria in the districts of England and Wales during the 26 years ending with 1888; and he shows, in the first place, very notable varieties of incidence of the disease upon the several counties, not explicable by any geographical or geological consideration. He brings into strong relief evidence to show that the disease has always displayed a marked tendency to prevail in sparsely-populated districts rather than in centres of population; and that as years have gone on, this tendency has become less and less marked, so that, in later years, the chief urban districts seem to be approaching nearer than before to rural districts in their rate of suffering by this disease. Diphtheria alone among diseases of the zymotic class is found to have exhibited this peculiarity of special incidence upon sparsely-peopled districts; and the facts brought together by Dr. Longstaff would certainly seem to suggest that the country has sent, and is increasingly sending, the causes of diphtheria into towns. In this connection it is impossible not to recall the relations that have occasionally been witnessed between outbreaks of diphtheria and particular milk supplies; and the relations strongly suspected, but not yet sufficiently demonstrated, between diphtheria in man and disease in various domestic animals.

MILITARY SERVICE FOR PRIESTS.

As soon as the French Chamber meets, according to the Paris correspondent of the *Daily News*, a keen struggle between the Republicans and Conservatives may be expected over the new Military Bill to render young priests liable to military service. There is little doubt, however, that it will be finally carried. It is alleged, not without reason, that thousands of young men enter the Seminaries every year solely in order to shirk military service. There could be no harm, the Republicans argue, in putting young priests to the severe test of barrack life; in fact, it would raise the standard of the French clergy by weeding out those who would probably become corrupt members of it. At the same time it would raise appreciably the numerical strength of the army. The question has been for several years before the country, most of the Republican deputies being pledged to the incorporation of the clergy. General Boulanger, as Minister of War, was in favour of it; yet, if the Bill be carried, as it doubtless will be, the Clerical party will certainly cast a solid vote for General Boulanger by way of a protest. It must be said that they have the balance of argument on their side, and that the law to enrol them in the fighting forces savours of undue compulsion. They say that a priest is absolutely forbidden to shed blood. This is a rule of the Catholic Church, and no law can override it. The Bishop of Nancy, speaking the other day in the name of the French clergy, protested that they do not desire to escape the blood tax to which other citizens are liable. They are willing to risk their lives on the field of battle in picking up the wounded under the enemy's fire, but they cannot shed blood. If they were compelled to use a gun they would simply aim high. They ask in time of peace to be enrolled in the ambulance service. This seems an acceptable compromise, and the Government would do wisely to accept it as its rejection would infallibly increase the party of malcontents.

PROFESSOR SEELEY ON THE EMPIRE.

THE Aldershot Military Society met at the Prince Consort's Library, Aldershot, on Wednesday evening, 24th ult. when a lecture on "The Empire" was delivered by Professor J. R. Seeley, of Cambridge. Lieutenant-General Sir Evelyn Wood, V.C., G.C.M.G., K.C.B., was in the chair, and there was a large audience. After briefly referring to the wars in which England was engaged in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, the lecturer said nothing was more manifest than that in the eighteenth century war and trade played into each other's hands. In that age it might be said that the more trade the more war, and the more war the more trade. It was for trade itself that we waged all those wars, which he had the habit of regarding as a single grand war, a great duel with France in the interest of our commerce. Through the first sixty years of the eighteenth century he traced a steady advance of Engligh trade, supported by English arms, until our rival France was practically expelled from north America, and was reduced to inferiority both in India and on the sea. In the second period, almost equally long, from the beginning of George III.'s reign to the fall of Napoleon, were three great wars—the American war, the war of the French Revolution, and the Napoleonic war. He saw nothing in these but the natural and necessary sequel of the former struggle. France was not likely to put up with her defeat. Our Empire once won would have to be defended. The former series of wars had been for the acquisition of the Empire; this series was for the defence of it. The duel was for North America, India, and in general for supremacy in the New World. France would maintain it so long as she had the means of doing so. So long as her fleets kept the sea and she had Louisiana in North America, Mauritius in the Indian Ocean, and allies among the Indian princes, so long the struggle might continue. And Napoleon might imagine a new route to India, and might take possession of Malta and Egypt. He might at the same time, by acquiring an ascendancy over Spain, get control over Central and Southern America. But when he fell all this was at an end. He had parted with Louisiana, he had lost Malta, and Egypt, and Mauritius. He had lost Spain, and besides this, Central and Southern America were on the point of being divorced from Spain. Above all, he had been completely defeated in the naval war, and the English, not the French, flag was supreme on the ocean. Accordingly, in the next age France had no materials for commencing a new rivalry with England in the New World. "Thus," said Professor Seeley, "ceased suddenly that great struggle; it ceased seventy-four years ago. We may contemplate it as a whole and draw the moral of it. One reflection we have made already—namely, that it was not a hindrance or interruption to trade, but one important aspect of the advance of British trade. Another reflection is suggested to us by the termination of this struggle and the long period of repose that has followed. Our age has been much occupied with the idea of a general progress of humanity, and it has accordingly looked eagerly for signs of the disappearance of war and of an approaching millennium of peace. Some forty years ago many thought that this consummation was really at hand. Since that time we have witnessed war after war, and all millennial anticipations are checked when we look at the actual condition of the Continent. Nevertheless some may still imagine that for England at least, the millennium has arrived. For we have had no share in these gigantic wars." But in the opinion of the lecturer the peaceful uninterrupted expansion of the Victorian age would not continue after the conditions of it were altered when we found ourselves again in the presence of neighbours, and those neighbours, detecting weak places in our armour took courage to become our rivals. The Victorian Empire of England had already begun to have neighbours; France was one, but only one, of these. This time it was in Africa that we were beginning to feel her rivalry. Finally, he referred to the objections often raised by our colonists against being dragged into war because of the quarrels of the mother-country with her neighbours in Europe, and to the complaints of the home trading classes that an aristocratic Government had dragged them into war after war, and plunged them deep in debt. "Such views," he said in conclusion, "must damp the zeal of military men, who are made to appear as if they stood outside the healthy life and development of the nation, and constituted not so much an organ of the body politic as a kind of exerescence upon it. If my slight outline has been accurately drawn this view is wholly an illusion. You may tell English trade that you have been from the outset its instrument, that you sprang into existence along with the trading policy of England, and grew with its growth. You may tell the colonies that it has been your great work from the outset either to found or to protect them, that England has not engaged in European wars against their interest, but that the wars of England have been from first to last undertaken in the cause of the Empire, so that it would be far truer to say that the colonies have dragged England than that England has dragged the colonies into war. And you may tell yourselves that you trace your origin to the Revolution of 1688, that you have been a great and necessary instrument in founding this unparalleled world-realm, that you carried it through its great trial, and bestowed upon it a happy Victorian age, and that now you stand waiting, happy not to be needed but ready at need."

The lecture was followed by a discussion, in which the Chairman, Colonel Crealock, Colonel Jelf, and Major Hutton took part.

MR. JOHN BRIGHT AS AN ANGLER.

WRITING from Rothesay to a Bute paper, Mr. B. St. J. B. Joule says :—The London papers appear not to possess any certain knowledge with regard to Mr. John Bright's love of fishing. It was until after his first attack of nervous prostration that he addicted himself to this pursuit. In the piscatory art, Mr. Donald Macpherson, landlord of the Argyll Arms, Inverary, was Mr. Bright's instructor. In the spring of 1859, I believe, at any rate, it was shortly before the visit of Lord Macaulay to the Inverary Hotel, of which he wrote in terms of the greatest eulogium, Mr. Macpherson was informed by the Duke of Argyll that Mr. Bright intended to take up his quarters at the hotel, and that he had permission to fish and follow the Duke's moor lochs. When Mr. Bright arrived Mr. Macpherson found that his guest knew nothing at all about fishing, and that the tackle which he had purchased for the purpose was similar to what the children use here on the pier for catching small saith. Mr. Macpherson at once sent to Glasgow for the proper tackle, rigged it up for Mr. Bright, who said he could never have done it himself, for he never had a rod in his hands, and then accompanied his visitor to the river Shira. He soon had convincing proof that Mr. Bright had not the least idea about fishing and offered to take the rod and give him practical instruction. Mr. Macpherson found he had a quick scholar, who soon became an adept in the art. After a stay at Inverary of more than two months, Mr. Bright proceeded to Dalmally, where the river Orchy was open to him. After a short time Mr. Macpherson received a letter requesting him to send the pony which he had ridden at Inverary, for he could not ride Mr. Fraser's big, coarse horses. This pony was a quiet animal which Mr. Macpherson had selected for Mr. Bright's use, but the man with whom he was sent soon returned with the information that Mr. Bright had left Dalmally. It afterwards appeared that Mr. Bright had told Mr. Fraser, at whose inn he was staying, that he had sent for the pony because he could not ride his horses, upon which Mr. Fraser declared he would allow none but his own hacks on his premises, and that Mr. Bright at once asked for his bill and went on to the fisheries of the Hon. Edward Ellice, on the river Garry, by Fort William, afterwards proceeding to the shooting lodge of Mr. Bass, Toulan, near Carrbridge. Mr. Bright was extremely proud of the first salmon which he captured. "It was," he said, "the first I ever saw alive, and the first I ever killed. If I had been near Manchester I would have had it stuffed and placed in my dining-room." That Mr. Bright was an enthusiastic fisherman there can be no doubt.

WOMEN CAPTAINS ON THE MISSISSIPPI.

CAPTAIN MARY MILLER has renewed her licence as commander of a steam-vessel on the Ohio and Mississippi. One other woman, a Southern lady, is captain of a boat on the lower Mississippi. When Mrs. Miller, on the failure of her husband's health, made her first application for a captain's licence, persons were not wanting who saw in her request a danger to the foundations of society. For several years, however, she has honestly supported her family, and the foundations seem to stand firm. In fact, a recent number of the Louisville *Courier Journal* says of Captain Mary: "She has refor med many steamboat mates, her presence being sufficient to stop the flow of 'cuss words' which these gentlemen in the past found necessary to the control of their crews, and she is now one of the most popular masters on the river."

RAM CHUNDEK CHATTERJEE, the Bengali balloonist, is a poor man, having been only a clerk till lately. In his new enterprise he is materially assisted with money by a member of the rich Tagore family of Calcutta.

THREE MONTHS' WILLS AND BEQUESTS.

NEARLY twenty millions (19,995,356l.) is the amount of personal estate disposed of by Wills reported in the *Standard* and other papers during the first quarter of this year. Twenty wills accounted for more than ten millions of personalty. Five estates, each with personalty exceeding half a million, gave an aggregate of 5,638,294l. These were Mr. Rylands', Manchester manufacturer and warehouseman (2,574,922l.), Sir Wm. Pearce's, Glasgow, shipbuilder (1,069,669l.), Miss Ryland's, Birmingham, Mr. W. J. Cookson's, Newcastle, chemical manufacturer (585,000l.), and Count Grefulhe's, Paris (661,000l.) There were forty-five estates, each with personalty exceeding 100,000l., and giving a total of 13,538,660l. The whole amount of personal estate upon which Probate Duty is paid in the course of a year is understood to be not more than a hundred and fifty millions. About half of this appears to be accounted for by wills noticed through the Press, but the reported wills are, of course, only a very small proportion in number, perhaps not one per cent. of those proved.

The amount left to religious, educational, and charitable institutions, under the wills reported as disposing of nearly twenty millions of personalty, was 368,865l. This includes a contingent bequest of 10,000l. to the Commercial Travellers' Schools, by Mr. James I. Hughes, of Copestake's, but does not include the residuary estates of Mr. Spence, of Coventry, and Miss Anna Maria Goldsmid, which are to be applied to charitable purposes. Mr. Spence's personalty was 240,000l., of which he gave about 60,000l. to members of his family, 20,000l. to Trustees for the benefit of the town of Coventry, 8,450l. to various local institutions, and the residue (so far as applicable for charitable purposes) for the benefit of poor women of Coventry—the payment to them of weekly sums and the building of alms-houses for their use. The residuary estates of Mr. Spence and Miss Goldsmid will probably, therefore, bring up the total sum of reported charitable bequests of the past three months to 500,000l., or at the rate of about 2½ per cent. upon the whole amount of personalty noticed. As this is the first time that the figures have been compiled with any approach to accuracy, there is no opportunity of comparison with previous years. It seems, however, likely that the estimate which has been sometimes put forward, that the charitable bequests of each year amount to only about a million, is much below the mark. In this quarter is included, besides Mr. Spence's bequests, the large sum (162,000l.) left by Mr. John Rylands, of Manchester, to religious and charitable institutions; but on the other hand, a considerable amount is, doubtless, left to charities under the wills—by far the greater number of those proved—of which no particulars are published. Mr. Wing's reversionary legacy to the Clothworkers' Company of 70,000l. for annuities to blind persons is not taken account of in last quarter's figures as given above.

Of the 500,000l. of charitable bequests of last quarter, London general hospitals get 2,350l., and London special hospitals, 1,875l. St. Thomas's and the London Hospital get 25l. each under Mr. Simon's will; University College Hospital 500l. from Miss Goldsmid; the Middlesex, Great Northern, Royal Free, and Charing-cross Hospitals, 200l. each from Mr. Hulett, and Charing-cross a further 100l. from Mr. W. M. Fladgate. It is believed that Legacies to London hospitals have fallen off since the institution of the Hospital Sunday Fund. No bequests to that Fund have yet been noticed. The hospitals of Manchester and its district had legacies last quarter of nearly 30,000l. Miss Rylands left 30,000l. to hospitals in Birmingham. Other Warwickshire hospitals had 5,000l. under various wills; Northumberland hospitals 2,500l. from Mr. Hedley; Maidstone hospitals 2,000l. from Mr. Hollingworth; and Walthamstow hospitals 1,000l. from Mr. Borwick. Mr. Thomas Smith left 5,000l. to the Weston-super-Mare Sanatorium, and 20,000l. to found a Smith's Circumcester Poor Charity. Owen's College at Manchester takes 10,000l. under the will of Mr. John Rylands, and 1,000l. by the bequest of Mrs. Margaret Platt, of Staly bridge.

Legacies were noticed last quarter of 3,500l. to the National Life-boat Institution. The Society for the Rescue of Young Women and Children had 5,000l. from Mr. Herbert Clarke, and the Manchester Warehousemen's Orphan School 10,000l. from Mr. Rylands. But religious institutions, next to, or perhaps before, provincial hospitals, receive the largest amount of bequests under wills. About 100,000l. of Mr. Rylands' legacies were to religious institutions, chiefly to those connected with the Congregational and Baptist Communities. The British and Foreign Bible Society had 3,350l. by various bequests. Mr. Ralph's left 4,000l. to St. Michael's Church, Coventry, and a Staffordshire lady the residue of her personal estate, valued at more than 5,000l. for masses for the repose of her soul, in such number as the clergy might think right having regard to the amount of the legacy. Bequests to charitable institutions were noticed in about one in seven or eight of the wills reported, but this proportion would, of course, not extend over the whole number of wills proved. With the exception of, perhaps, about 10,000l., the half million of money left to charities in the past three months was, as might be expected, under the will of childless persons.

WAR AND LITANIES.

MR. IRVING MONTAGU'S book, "The Wanderings of a War Artist," contains the following picture of the strange contrasts that are sometimes to be seen in a besieged city :—"It was a little strange, at a time when Irun was besieged on two sides by the Carlists, to find how marvellously frivolous the people sometimes were, even when in the very midst of dangerr A sharp engagement with St. Marcial and the fields batteries, which were also sometimes brought to bear on that easily assailable position did not seem to make the majority one whit less happy-go-lucky. Many of the shops were still open, and it was quite possible to purchase and quietly munch fruit or cakes, or discuss your flagon of Rancia round a sheltered corner, while the *plaza* was alive with all the tumult and bloodshed of civil war, to the strangely impressive accompaniment, too, of the deep-toned organ in the cathedral, and the monotonous jingle of its bells as they reminded all of the sanctuary which that old edifice alone afford. I have seen the great square tower crammed with Republicans picking off Carlist scouts, while now and again a shell from St. Marcial would come crashing down into the Market-place, spreading death and dismay around; then, just when confusion was at its zenith, would those melodious strains again float out upon the smoke-laden air, broken by the clanging of the great bells up aloft, whose iron tongues seemed to have caught the war-fever raging them, so dry and harsh they sounded. Helter-skelter, groaning, screaming, right and left, women, children, non-combatants of all kinds, now would rush for safety. See! barricades are being hastily put together against possible contingencies. When—hark!—in the midst of all this indescribable confusion and tumult would be heard the gradually increasing soft and soothing strains of chanted litanies. Then, by slow degrees, the fumes of incense would mingle with those of gunpowder, as, with crucifix elevated on high, a procession of holy fathers would from time to time enter the sacred edifice, followed by bearers of the dead and dying, that their passage to brighter and happier spheres might be softened by the ministrations of the Church."

THE VILLAGE ON THE MARSH.

THE housing of the Ship Canal navy is carried out to great perfection on at least one section of the great work. Describing this part of the remarkable enterprise, a writer in the *Manchester Examiner* says :—There may be lovelier villages on the plain, but few better as regards outward plan and inward comfort. It has a name, and a fit and pretty one too. Mr. Weston, the agent of the section, has christened it Marshville. This village on the marsh of course owes its existence to Mr. Walker, the contractor; but Mr. Weston has been allowed to follow his own ideas in the building of it. The houses are erected on three sides of a square, half enclosing what may be called the village green. Their walls are white-washed, and their whole aspect clean and prim. The village is peopled by over 400 men, women, and children whose

PURE PERSONALITIES.

A curious story was told recently in the Hungarian Diet by M. Rohonczy, the deputy, who six weeks ago fired at a student who insulted him in the lobby. In the course of an apology for his conduct, M. Rohonczy told the House that several years ago some defalcations were detected, and he, believing that M. Tisza was concerned in them, went first to the Premier's house, and then, being still of the same mind, to the Royal Castle to demand an immediate audience with the King. He was refused admittance, the aide-de-camp telling him he was out of his mind. Thereupon he hastened back to M. Tisza's residence, and, finding him alone, drew a revolver, pointed it at the Premier and cried, "I will shoot you, and then myself!" M. Tisza looked him calmly in the face, and answered, "Fire, if you believe me to be a scoundrel." "That disarmed me," said M. Rohonczy to the astonished House, "and since then I have been soul and body for M. Tisza." The Premier was present during the recital, and did not contradict, but the Opposition shouted, "He is mad! Take him to an asylum!" amid intense excitement.

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According to a Vienna correspondent about a month ago the Emperor of Austria was bent on abdication, Count Taaffe and Count Kalnoky failed to shake his resolution, so Prince Schwazenberg and Count Arthur Potocki—leaders of the Clerical party—wrote to the Pope, who sent the Emperor an urgent, imploring letter, which had its effect. The Emperor, however, can no longer bring much zest to the fatiguing work of government which he discharged zealously while his son was alive. His longing for rest may pass away, but it may revive, and ultimately the state of his health must decide the question.

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Count Leon Tolstoi, late Russian Minister of the Interior, whose death occurred last week, was considered the most eminent Russian novelist then living. He was born on August 28, 1828, at Yasnaia Poliana, in the Government of Toula. He entered the army when 23, served in the Caucasus and at Sebastopol. He first made literary reputation by his vivid sketches from Sebastopol. Leaving the army soon after the close of the Crimean war, he devoted himself to literature. His "War and Peace" a tale of the invasion of Russia by Napoleon in 1812, is regarded by Russians as, his masterpiece, but his "Anna Karenina," appeared in 1876, is better appreciated abroad. Mathew Arnold reviewed it enthusiastically a few months before his death; and George Meredith says that Anna, the beautiful but unfaithful wife, who ends her guilty passion by suicide, is the most perfectly depicted female character in all fiction. "The Cossacks" is his only other novel. He wrote much on education, and published many short tales and reminiscences of childhood and youth.

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The *Pall Mall Budget* of December 13, 1888, published some comments and a caricature upon a dispute which had attracted some attention between Mr. Harry Furniss, of *Punch* and the *Daily Telegraph*. Quoting from a report of a speech by Mr. Furniss, it said, that Mr. Sala had, "in his capacity of art critic, chaffed Mr. Furniss." This remark appears to have been based by Mr. Furniss on the assumption that a leading article in the *Daily Telegraph*, referring to Mr. Furniss, was written to Mr. Sala. Mr. Sala assures the *Pall Mall* that Mr. Furniss's statement with regard to himself, are each and all untrue. In particular it is untrue, Mr. Sala says, that he ever sought admission to the school of the Royal Academy, or submitted to the Council a drawing of a foot with six toes, or any drawing at all. Under these circumstances the *Pall Mall* have no hesitation in expressing its regret that it should have commented on the matter; and it begs more particularly to offer a sincere apology to Mr. Sala for a caricature which, though not intended to cause pain, may well, under the actual circumstances of the case, have given ground for offence.

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The Queen must have felt curiously at home with her clerical *entourage* the other day, remarks a home paper, as each of the three principal officiating clergy is a Windsor man. Dr. Randall Davidson is Dean of St. George's Chapel, and the Rev. Edgar Sheppard, Sub-Dean of the Chapel Royal, and the Rev. W. H. Bliss, Vicar of Kew, were both comparatively recently minor canons of St. George's, and both were well known to her Majesty on account of their pronounced musical tastes.

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Dr. Davidson is an able and progressive man, but lacks the patrician air of his predecessor, Dean Wellesley, one of the most courtly of clerics, and an immense favorite with the Queen. Dr. Davidson is by no means unlike the late "Hugh Conway" in appearance. Mr. Sheppard is a robust, comfortable-looking cleric of the muscular Christian type, and was very popular in Windsor, taking great interest in all local musical functions. Mr. Bliss is tall, gaunt, and spectacled, with a dark beard, a near-sighted, peering aspect, and a student-like stoop, and was also much liked during his minor canonry at Windsor.

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In alluding to the death of Dr. C. J. B. Williams, the eminent specialist in hearts and lung diseases, the London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* recently recalled the circumstance that the deceased physician was an actor in a distressing event that occurred twenty years ago. To call it either a "drama," or "tragedy," as the writer does, seem to us rather a misapplication of terms. Briefly, what happened was this:—With the faint hope of saving the life of the Earl of St. Maur, the heir of the late Duke of Somerset, Dr. Williams, in conjunction with a distinguished surgeon, performed the operation of tracheotomy on that suffering nobleman, who died. The distracted and bereaved mother, in her youth the loveliest of the Sheridans, published in her grief a vehement pamphlet reflecting on the doctor's medical conduct of the case. Dr. Williams brought an action for libel, and an apology and withdrawal of the statement was made.

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A very fine life-size portrait of Garibaldi, painted by his aide-de-camp at Naples, Signor Rondi, a Roman artist, has lately passed into the hands of the Rev. H. R. Haweis. The expression of the face is full of that sweetness and repose which was habitual to the General even in the midst of the most exciting scenes, and which did so much to restore confidence at critical moments and inspire fresh courage in the battle-field. Mr. Haweis, who was an eye-witness of Garibaldi's exploits at Naples and present at the siege of Capua, became intimate with Signor Rondi at the seat of war, and being aware that the aide-de-camp had painted this picture from the life after several years of friendship with the great liberator, resolved to possess the picture.

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Mr. John Albert Bright, the new member for Central Birmingham, according to the *Star* is not an instance of heredity, for, to judge by his speech, he is as little his father's son in mental calibre as he certainly is in form and feature. He is above the ordinary height, has some pretensions to good looks, and his dark auburn hair, which is brushed back to display a medium forehead, and whiskers that are naturally inclined to grow in the French peaked fashion. The impression that he makes on you, however, is that of a cold and colorless nature, and this is strengthened when he begins to speak. He can talk fairly well, with a certain freedom that is neither volubility nor eloquence as remote from one as from the other, but there is no warmth about the man; he can neither kindle fervor nor arouse indignation. The one thing that associates him with his father is the constant evidence of that same nervousness which the lost Tribune could never shake off, and which made his every speech, even his finest efforts, a hard ordeal.

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Apropos of the death of the Duchess of Cambridge, says *Vanity Fair*, I am reminded of the oddly romantic morganatic marriage of the Commander-in-Chief. It took place, I don't know how many years ago, in Dublin. The marriage register of Arbour Hill Church, the church attached to the Royal Barracks, contains the entry of one marriage, and, I believe, of one only. It is the entry of the marriage of the Duke of Cambridge with the actress. It was a very private and very unpretentious affair, and the gossip of the chapel says that it was celebrated before breakfast. This may mean before the wedding breakfast, or before your breakfast, which, I hope, is earlier. The wedding over, the Duke, who was not a Duke then, took his bride to Montpelier House, a plain three-storied brick edifice on Montpelier-hill, close to the Royal Barracks, where Prince George was then quartered with his regiment.

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It seems, says a society gossip, to be generally considered that Lady Wimborne intends—tentatively, no doubt, at first—to start a political *salon*. Wimborne House is admirably adapted for the purpose, for all the rooms are on the ground floor, and thus form a very spacious suite capable of accommodating a very large number of people. If she should succeed, her *salon* must prove an immense help and back to her brother, Lord Randolph Churchill; and for this reason, in the present state of the Conservative Party it will be by no means easy for Lady Wimborne at first.

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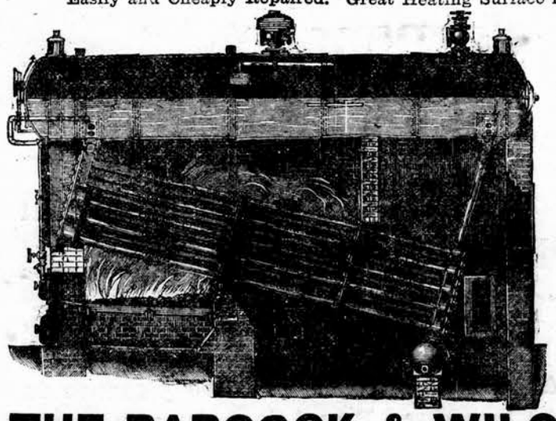

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For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
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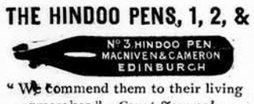

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GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884
We guarantee the respective ages of the two qualities we ship as 11 and 5 years old, but owing to new regulations on the part of the London Custom House, we are now *compelled* to Label our Brand as follows:—
The oldest and best (11 Years Old) as "AWARDED GOLD MEDAL," *White Capsule*
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WE HAVE NOT VARIED THE QUALITY ONE IOTA, NOR SHOULD WE HAVE, WITHOUT COMPULSION MADE ANY ALTERATION IN LABEL.
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The Seven Cuticura Boys
These seven beautiful boys owe their beauty of skin, luxuriance of hair, purity of blood, and freedom from hereditary taint or humors of the skin or scalp to the celebrated CUTICURA REMEDIES.
For cleansing, purifying and beautifying the skin of children and infants, and curing torturing, disfiguring, itching, scaly and pimply diseases of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to old age, CUTICURA, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite skin beautifier, prepared from it, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, internally, are infallible.
I think it my duty to inform you of the wonderful cure of psoriasis effected upon my daughter,—by the CUTICURA REMEDIES,—who had been suffering for nine years, and had been treated by many physicians without effect. I am thankful to say that, after using the CUTICURA REMEDIES six weeks, a complete cure has been effected. You are at liberty to use this for the encouragement of others, if you think fit.
F. PAMPHILON, St. Mary's Vale, Chatham, Kent.
I am thankful to say that my arms are completely cured of a skin disease from which I have suffered a long time, by the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES.
MRS. F. SMITH, West Meon, Petersfield.
Sold by all chemists. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cts.; RESOLVENT, $1; SOAP, 25 cts. Wholesale Agents, TREACHER & Co., Bombay, and SMITH, STANISTREET & Co., Calcutta.
PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.
My little girl, aged three and one half years, who has been suffering from chronic eczema in a very severe form for the past two years, is now quite cured by using the CUTICURA REMEDIES. The parts affected were the face, neck and portions of the body, the irritation causing intense suffering. She attended a London hospital for ten months as a paying outpatient, but obtained no relief. During the whole of this time she could not be left alone a moment, as, in spite of having all the affected parts bandaged up, she tore them off and caused the blood to flow.
She was as much trouble when asleep as when awake, and it was necessary to hold her in the arms all night to prevent her rubbing her face on the pillow, which was sufficient to remove the skin. At last she got so bad that it was impossible to take her to the hospital. Her clothes when put on put her in a great heat, and caused lumps to come in her neck. We therefore decided to try the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and the result was truly gratifying; in one short week there was a decided improvement which has since continued, and now she is the picture of health. No one who has seen her would believe that she presented the pitiable sight she did three months ago. Yours faithfully, C. D.
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Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A. Send stamp to Messrs. TREACHER, or SMITH, STANISTREET & Co., for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 300 diseases, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.
BABY'S Skin, scalp and hair preserved and beautified by the use of CUTICURA SOAP.

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A splendid Soap to use in the morning tub. Suitable to the most sensitive skin, (thus invaluable in the Nursery and for Ladies). Cooling, Cleansing, and agreeable, it is especially adapted for use in warm climates. Its properties safeguard the skin and are a preventive of the contagion of zymotic diseases, also of the bites of Mosquitos and other small insects.
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Awarded 50 Prize Medals & Diplomas.

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in WINE and SUGAR-PILLS
PREPARED BY
Dr VIVIEN of PARIS
VERY AGREEABLE TO TAKE
WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST NAUSEATING TASTE
AND CONTAINING ALL THE ACTIVE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES EXISTANT IN COD LIVER OIL.
BOTH THE PREPARATIONS ARE LARGELY USED IN PRIVATE PRACTICE AND IN THE HOSPITALS IN
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One tablespoonful of wine, or two sugar-pills, are equal to one tablespoonful of the best Cod Liver Oil
Each bottle of the genuine Dr VIVIEN'S WINE bears on the neck the stamps of the "Union des Fabricants".
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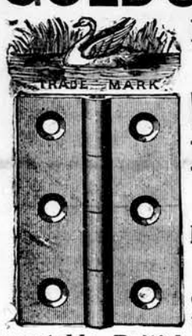

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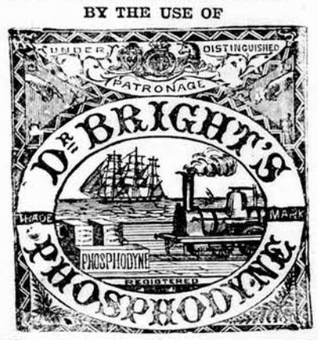

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NOTICES.

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ARE universally admitted to be worth a Guinea a Box for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy and Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes.

Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

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